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BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION B.B.A

Framed According to the National Educational Policy (NEP 2020)

[Implemented from the Academic Year 2021-22]

INTRODUCTION

The curriculum framework for B.B.A. degree is structured to offer a broad outline that helps in understanding the creative potential of new career growth opportunities based on changing industrial and societal needs. The course is upgraded keeping in mind the aspirations of students, the changing nature of the subject as well as the learning environment. The core concepts within the subject have been updated to incorporate the recent advancements, techniques to upgrade the skills of learners to create a focus on various functional areas of business. Problem Based learning has been integrated into the curriculum for a better understanding of various concepts in business and commerce.

The syllabus under NEP-2020 is expected to enhance the level of understanding among students and maintain the high standards of graduate program offered in the country. Effort has been made to integrate the use of recent technology and MOOCs to assist the teaching-learning process among students. The major objective of the graduate program is to elevate the subject knowledge among students and make them critical thinkers thereby students can address the issues related to industry and other business sectors. In a nutshell, the course serves as a plethora of opportunities in different fields, from accounting, financial markets, marketing and human resource management.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF UG PROGRAMS IN B.B.A:

- To provide knowledge regarding the basic concepts, principles and functions of management.
- To develop business and entrepreneurial skills among the students.
- To provide knowledge and requisite skills in different areas of management like human resources, finance, operations and marketing to give a holistic understanding of a business system.
- To equip the students with knowledge related to qualitative and quantitative techniques for critical thinking and problem solving.
- To provide practical industrial exposure to the students to gain managerial competencies and business acumen while attaining a holistic understanding of a business/industry.
- To inculcate a global view of the industrial and organizational establishments and their functions for taking viable decisions in international business setting.

DEPARTMENT OF MANGEMENENT STUDIES

1. TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT:

These regulations shall be called "The Regulations Governing the Choice Based Credit System Semester Scheme with Multiple Entry and Exit Options in the Undergraduate, and Postgraduate Degree Programmes in the Faculty of Business Management Program.

2. SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FOUR YEARS MULTIDISCIPLINARY UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME WITH MULTIPLE ENTRY AND EXIT OPTIONS:

- a) The program shall be structured in a semester mode with multiple exit options with Certification, Diploma and Basic Bachelor Degree at the completion of first, second and third years, respectively. The candidate who completes the four years Undergraduate Program, either in one stretch or through multiple exits and re-entries would get a Bachelor's degree with Honours
- b) The four year undergraduate Honours degree holders with research component and a suitable grade are eligible to enter the 'Doctoral (Ph.D.) Program' in a relevant discipline or to enter 'Two Semester Master's Degree programme with project work'.
- c) Candidates who wish to enter the Masters/Doctoral programme in a discipline other than the major discipline studied at the undergraduate programmes, have to take additional courses in the new discipline to meet the requirement or to make up the gap between the requirement and the courses already studied.
- d) There may be parallel five year integrated Master's degree programmes with exit options at the completion of third and fourth years, with the undergraduate basic degree and post-graduate diploma in a discipline, respectively.
- e) There may also be an integrated doctoral programme with exit option at the end of the first year with the Master's degree.

- f) The students who exit with Certification, Diploma and Basic Bachelor Degree shall be eligible to re-enter the programme at the exit level to complete the programme or to complete the next level.
- g) The Multidisciplinary Undergraduate Programme may help in the improvement of all the educational outcomes, with a flexible and imaginative curricular approach. The program provides for both breadth and depth in diverse areas of knowledge. A range of courses are offered with rigorous exposure to multiple disciplines and areas, while specializing in one or two areas. The programme fulfils knowledge, vocational, professional and skill requirements along-side humanities and arts, social, physical and life sciences, mathematics, sports etc.
- h) The curriculum combines conceptual knowledge with practical engagement and understanding that has relevant real-world applications through practical laboratory work, field work, internships, workshops and research projects.
- i) A few courses are common to all students which contribute to the breadth of study and two areas of specialization in disciplinary areas provide for depth of study.
- j) The areas of specialization which the students are required to choose are either two disciplines/ subjects or a discipline called 'major' (e.g. History or Economics or Physics or Mathematics) and an area of additional discipline called 'minor' (e.g. Music or Sports or Geography). Students gain deep disciplinary knowledge through theory and practical experiences in their area of specialization (major). They gain a reasonable understanding of the area of additional study (minor) that they choose. Students can choose subject combinations across 'streams' (e.g. a student can choose a 'major' in physics and combine it with a 'minor' in history or Music or Sports). One of the disciplines can also be a vocational subject or Teacher Education.
- k) The students may study two disciplines at the same level or breadth up to the sixth semester and choose one of them for study in the fourth year to obtain the Honours degree in that discipline. A student who wishes to get dual honours degrees may repeat the fourth year of the program in the second discipline.
- The students may choose one discipline and vocational subject or Teacher Education for their study in the undergraduate program. This will enable them to get an Honours degree either in the discipline or in the vocational subject/ Teacher Education or both, in the discipline and in the vocational subject/ Teacher Education.
- m) Skills shall be explicitly integrated, highly visible, taught in context, and have explicit assessment. The skills shall include abilities in language and communication, working in diverse teams, critical thinking, problem solving, data analysis and life skills.
- n) Students shall be given options to choose courses from a basket of courses which the institution is offering. There shall be no rigidity of combination of subjects.

The Four-Year Choice Based Credit System Semester Scheme makes the product of a University at par with the global practices in terms of academic standards and evaluation strategies. In the emerging scenario of Internationalization of Indian Higher Education, it is imperative that the Universities in India should follow this system so that the mobility of their products both within and across the geographical jurisdiction becomes possible.

The Salient Features of the Credit Based Semester Scheme:

Each course shall carry certain number of credits. Credits normally represent the weightage of a course and are a function of teaching, learning and evaluation strategies such as the number of contact hours, the course content, teaching methodology, learning expectations, maximum marks etc. In the proposed programs, generally one hour of instructions per week in a semester is assigned one credit. In terms of evaluation, one credit is generally equivalent to 25 marks in a semester. Thus a 3 or 4 credits course will be assessed for 100 marks, 2 credits courses are assessed for 50 marks and one credit course will be assessed for 25 marks. What matters for the calculation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) or the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is the percentage of marks secured in a course and the credits assigned to that course.

On this basis, generally, a three-year six-semester undergraduate program will have around 144 credits, and a four-year eight-semester honours degree program will have around 186 credits and a five-year ten-semester master's degree programme will have 228 credits.

The general features of the Credit Based Semester Scheme are:

- a. The relative importance of subjects of study are quantified in terms of credits.
- b. The subjects of study include core, elective, ability/skill enhancement courses.
- c. The programme permits horizontal mobility in course selections.
- d. The students shall take part in co-curricular and extension activities.
- e. The declaration of result is based on Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) or Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) earned.

3. DURATION OF PROGRAMMES, CREDITS REQUIREMENTS AND OPTIONS:

The undergraduate degree should be of either a three- or four-year duration, with multiple entry and exit options within this period, The four year multidisciplinary Bachelor's programme is the preferred option as it allows the opportunity to experience the full range of holistic and multidisciplinary education with a focus on major and minor subjects as per the student's preference. The four-year programme may also lead to a degree with Research, if the student completes a rigorous research project in the major area(s) of study.

Thus the undergraduate programmes shall extend over four academic years (Eight Semesters) with multiple entry and exit options. The students can exit after the completion of one academic year (Two semesters) with the Certificate in a discipline or a field; Diploma after the study of two academic years (Four Semesters) and Regular Bachelor Degree after the completion of three academic years (Six Semesters). The successful completion of Four Years undergraduate Programme would lead to Bachelor Degrees with Honours in a discipline/subject.

Each semester shall consist of at least 16 weeks of study with a minimum of 90 working days (excluding the time spent for the conduct of final examination of each semester).

4. THE CREDIT REQUIREMENTS AREAS FOLLOWS.

EXIT WITH	Min. Credits Requirement*	NSQF Level
Certificate at the Successful Completion of First Year (Two Semesters) of Four Years Multidisciplinary UG Degree Programme.	48	5
A Diploma at the Successful Completion of the Second Year (Four Semesters) of Four Years Multidisciplinary UG Degree Programme.	96	6
Basic Bachelor Degree at the Successful Completion of the Third Year (Six Semesters) of Four Years Multidisciplinary Undergraduate Degree Programme.	140	7
Bachelor Degree with Honours in a Discipline at the Successful Completion of the Four Years (Eight Semesters) Multidisciplinary Undergraduate Degree Programme.	180	8

^{*}Details of credits are described later in this report

The students shall be required to earn at least fifty per cent of the credits from the Higher Education Institution (HEI) awarding the degree or diploma or certificate: Provided further that, the student shall be required to earn the required number of credits in the core subject area necessary for the award of the degree or Diploma or Certificate, as specified by the degree awarding HEI, in which the student is enrolled.

5. National Skills Qualifications Framework

The progressive curriculum proposed shall position knowledge and skills required on the continuum of novice problem solvers (at entry level of the program) to expert problem solvers (by the time of graduation):

At the end of first year	Ability to solve well defined problems
At the end of second year	Ability to solve broadly defined problems
At the end of third year	Ability to solve complex problems that are ill- structured requiring multi-disciplinary skills to solve them.
During fourth year-	Experience of workplace problem solving in the form of Internship or Research Experience preparing for Higher Education or Entrepreneurship Experience.

The Integrated Master's Degree Programmes shall extend over five academic years (Ten Semesters) with exit options with Regular Bachelor Degree after successful completion of three academic years (Six Semesters) of study and Bachelor Degree with Honours in a discipline/ subject at the end of four academic years (Eight Semesters). Completion of five years of integrated Master's Degree Programme would lead to Master's degree in a subject.

Credit Requirements: The candidates shall complete courses equivalent to a minimum of

- 140 credits to become eligible for the Regular Bachelor Degree,
- 180 credits to become eligible for the Bachelor Degree with Honours
- 220 credits to become eligible for the Integrated Master's Degree.
- Master's Degree Programmes will be of One Academic Year (Two Semesters) for the Four Years Honours Degree holders and
- Master's Degree Programmes will be of Two Academic Years (Four Semesters) for the three years basic or three years Honours Degree holders.
- Two Years Master's Degree Programmes will have exit option at the end of One Academic Year (Two Semesters) with the Post-graduate Diplomas in the respective disciplines/ subjects, provided they earn a minimum of 44 credits as follows:.
 - 44 Credits after the Bachelor Degree to become eligible for the PG Diploma.
 - 88 Credits after the Bachelor Degree to become eligible for the Master's Degree.

It is optional to the candidate to exit or not, after two, four and six semesters of the undergraduate programme with Certificate, Diploma and with Regular Bachelor Degree, respectively. He/she will be eligible to re-join the programme at the exit level to complete either the diploma, degree or the honours degree. Further, all the candidates will be awarded Bachelor degrees on successful completion of three academic years (Six Semesters) of the undergraduate programmes.

A student will be allowed to enter/re-enter only at the Odd Semester and can only exit after the Even Semester. Re-entry at various levels as lateral entrants in academic programmes should be based on the earned credits and proficiency test records.

6. ACADEMIC BANK OF CREDITS (ABC)

The Academic Bank of Credits (ABC), a national-level facility will promote the flexibility of the curriculum framework and interdisciplinary/multidisciplinary academic mobility of students across the Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in the country with appropriate "credit transfer" mechanism. It is a mechanism to facilitate the students to choose their own learning path to attain a Degree/ Diploma/Certificate, working on the principle of multiple entry and exit as well as anytime, anywhere, and any level of learning. ABC will enable the integration of multiple disciplines of higher learning leading to the desired learning outcomes including increased creativity, innovation, higher order thinking skills and critical analysis. ABC will provide significant autonomy to the students by providing an extensive choice of courses for a programme of study, flexibility in curriculum, novel and engaging course options across a number of higher education disciplines/institutions.

7. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS:

A candidate who has passed two years Pre-University Examination conducted by the Pre University Education Board in the State of Karnataka or any other examination considered as equivalent thereto shall be eligible for admission to these programmes.

8. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION TO POST-GRADUATE PROGRAMMES:

- a) **GENERAL:** Candidates who have passed the three year Bachelor's degree examination of the University or any other University considered as equivalent thereto, with the respective subject as optional / major / special / main subject, are eligible for admission to the two years Master's Degree programmes provided they have secured a minimum of CGPA of 4.0 or 40% marks in the aggregate of all the subjects and **CGPA of 5 or 50% marks (CGPA of 4.5 or 45% marks for SC/ST/Category I/Differently abled candidates/) marks in the major/cognate subject.**
 - b) Candidates who have passed the four year Bachelor's honours degree examination of the University or any other University considered as equivalent thereto, with the respective subject as optional / major / special / main subject, are eligible for admission to the one year Master's Degree programmes provided they have secured a minimum CGPA of 5 or 50% marks (CGPA of 4.5 or 45% marks for SC/ST/Category I/Differently abled candidates/) marks in the subject.

The specific requirements and relaxations admissible for specific Master's Degree Programmes shall be as prescribed by the respective Boards of Studies, approved by the Academic Council and notified by the University.

9. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION:

The medium of instruction and examination shall be English.

9.1 ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES:

Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses can be divided into two categories:

- a) AE Compulsory Courses (AECC): The universities may have common curriculum for these papers. There may be one paper each at least in the first four semesters viz.
 - (1) Environmental Studies and
 - (2) Constitution of India.

In addition to these, two languages shall be studied in the first four semesters of the Undergraduate Programmes.

b) Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC): The universities may offer from a common pool of papers listed by KSHEC/ National Regulatory Bodies such as UGC or GEC/ NHERC or the universities may frame some papers, in addition to the list suggested.

9.2 LANGUAGES:

Two languages are to be studied out of which one shall be Kannada and the other shall be either English or an Indian Language or other Foreign language:

English, Sanskrit, Hindi, Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Marathi, Konkani, Urdu, Persian, Arabic, German, French, Latin, Russian, Japanese and any other language prescribed/approved by the university

a) The Candidates shall study two languages in the first four semesters of the programs. The students who have studied Kannada at the school and/or Pre-University or equivalent level, shall opt Kannada as one of the languages and study it in the first four semesters of the programmes. In addition to Kannada, the students shall opt for another language from the languages offered in the university/college and study it in the first two semesters of the programmes. They may continue to study the same language in the second year or may choose different language in the second year. A candidate may opt for any language listed above even if the candidate has not studied that language at PUC or equivalent level.

- b) Students who have not studied Kannada at any level from school to Pre-University shall study Kannada as functional language in one of the first two semesters along with another language of their choice. They shall study any two languages of their choice in the remaining three semesters. They may change the languages every year. With the permission of the University, a candidate may opt for any other language listed above even if the candidate has not studied that language at PUC or equivalent level
- c) Speech/hearing/visually impaired/mentally challenged and study disabled students are exempted from studying one of the languages prescribed under para 8.2 above.

9.3 A) SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (COMMON FOR ALL PROGRAMMES):

i. Any four skill enhancement/development courses are to be studied in the first six semesters, one per semester as prescribed by the concerned faculty and approved by the Academic Council. The courses may include the following:

SEM.	B.COM./BBA/BMS/BHM
I/II	Digital Fluency/ Creativity and Innovation
III/IV	Artificial Intelligence/ Critical thinking &problem solving
V	Cyber Security/ Entrepreneurship
VI	Professional Communication / German / French/

i. One soft core course or allied subject each in the seventh and eight semesters of the honours programme and the integrated Master's degree programme or in the first and second semesters of the post-graduate programmes, and one open elective in the ninth semester of the integrated master's programmes are to be studied as prescribed by the respective Board of studies and approved by the Academic council. The soft core courses may include research methodology course, one of the foreign languages such as German, French etc. or any other course prescribed by the university from time to time.

10.5 VOCATIONAL SUBJECTS:

Advertising, Computer Applications, Electronic Equipment Maintenance, Entrepreneurship Development, Instrumentation, Office/Home Management and Secretarial Practice, Sales Promotion and Management, Tax Procedure and Practice, Tourism and Travel Management and any other subjects introduced from time to time.

10.6 CO-CURRICULAR AND EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

A student shall opt for two of the following activities offered in the college, in each of the first six semesters of the undergraduate programmes. The activity carries a credit each for each of the activities and will be internally assessed for 50 marks.

- a. Physical Education or Activities related to Yoga/ Sports and Games
- b. N.S.S. / N.C.C / Ranger and Rovers/Red cross
- c. Field studies / Industry Implant Training
- d. Involvement in campus publication or other publications
- e. Publication of articles in newspapers, magazines
- f. Community work such as promotion of values of National Integration, Environment, Human rights and duties, Peace, Civic sense etc.
- g. A Small project work concerning the achievements of India in different fields
- h. Evolution of study groups/seminar circles on Indian thoughts and ideas
- i. Activity exploring different aspects of Indian civilizations
- j. Involvement in popularization programmes such as scientific temper
- k. Innovative compositions and creations in music, performing and visual arts etc.
- l. Any other activities such as Cultural Activities as prescribed by the University.

Evaluation of Co-curricular and Extension Activities shall be as per the procedure evolved by the university from time to time.

10. ATTENDANCE AND CHANGE OF SUBJECTS:

- 10.1 A candidate shall be considered to have satisfied the requirement of attendance for a semester if he/she attends not less than 75% of the number of classes actually held up to the end of the semester in each of the subjects. There shall be no minimum attendance requirement for the Co-curricular and extension activities.
- 10.2 An option to change a language/subject may be exercised only once within four weeks from the date of commencement of the/III Semester on payment of fee prescribed.
- 10.3 Whenever a change in a subject is permitted, the attendance in the changed subject shall be calculated by taking into consideration the attendance in the previous subject studied
- 10.4 If a candidate represents his/her institution / University/ Karnataka State/ Nation in Sports /NCC / NSS / Cultural or any officially sponsored activities he/she may be permitted to claim attendance for actual number of days participated, based on the recommendation of the Head of the Institution concerned. If a candidate is selected to participate in national level events such as Republic Day Parade etc., he/she may be permitted to claim attendance for actual number of days participated based on the recommendation of the head of the Institution concerned.
- 10.5 A candidate who does not satisfy the requirement of attendance in one or more courses/ subjects shall not be permitted to take the University examination of these courses/ subjects and the candidate shall seek re-admission to those courses/ subjects in a subsequent year.

11. COURSE PATTERNS AND SCHEMES OF EXAMINATIONS

The details of the Course Patterns (hours of instructions per week) and the Schemes of Examinations of the different degree programmes are given in the program matrix. The Syllabi of the courses shall be as prescribed by the University.

12. PEDAGOGY ACROSS ALL PROGRAMMES

Effective learning requires appropriate curriculum, an apt pedagogy, continuous formative assessment and adequate student support. The intention is to contextualize curriculum through meaningful pedagogical practices, which determine learning experiences directly influencing learning outcomes. Active, cooperative, collaborative and experiential learning pedagogies are some of the examples. Use of technology in creating learning environment that connects learners with content, peers and instructors all through the learning process respecting the pace of learners is need of the hour.

- a. Classroom processes must encourage rigorous thinking, reading and writing, debate, discussion, peer learning and self-learning.
- b. The emphasis is on critical thinking and challenge to current subject orthodoxy and develop innovative solutions. Curricular content must be presented in ways that invite questioning and not as a body of ready knowledge to be assimilated or reproduced. Faculty should be facilitators of questioning and not authorities on knowledge.
- c. Classroom pedagogy should focus on the 'how' of things i.e. the application of theory and ideas. All courses including social sciences and humanities should design projects and practicums to enable students get relevant hands-on experiences.
- d. Learning must be situated in the Indian context to ensure that there is no sense of alienation from their context, country and culture.
- e. Classroom processes must address issues of inclusion and diversity since students are likely to be from diverse cultural, linguistic, socio-economic and intellectual backgrounds.
- f. Cooperative and peer-supported activities must be part of empowering students to take charge of their own learning.
- g. Faculty will have the freedom to identify and use the pedagogical approach that is best suited to a particular course and student.
- h. Pedagogies like PBL (Problem / Project Based Learning), Service Learning be brought into practice as part of curriculum. Experiential learning in the form of internship with a specified number of credits is to be made mandatory.

Blended learning (BL) mode is to be used to help learners develop 21st century skills along with the effective learning and skill development related to the subject-domains. BL should be carefully implemented and should not be replacing classroom time as a privilege. Every institute should strive to be a model institute to demonstrate a successful implementation of BL in the higher education of our country.

13. CONTINUOUS FORMATIVE EVALUATION/ INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

Total marks for each course shall be based on continuous assessments and semester end examinations. As per the decision taken at the Karnataka State Higher Education Council, it is necessary to have uniform pattern of 40:60 for IA and Semester End theory examinations respectively and 50:50 for IA and Semester End practical examinations respectively, in all the Universities, their Affiliated and Autonomous Colleges.

TOTALMARKS FOR EACH COURSE : 100%

Continuous assessment (C1) : 20% marks
Continuous assessment (C2) : 20% marks
Semester End Examination (C3) : 60% marks.

14. EVALUATION PROCESS OF IA MARKS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS.

- a. The first component (C1) of assessment is for 20% marks. This shall be based on test, assignment, seminar, case study, field work, project work etc. This assessment and score process should be completed after completing 50% of syllabus of the course/s and within 45 working days of semester program.
- b. The second component (C2) of assessment is for 20% marks. This shall be based on test, assignment, seminar, case study, field work, internship / industrial practicum / project work etc. This assessment and score process should be based on completion of remaining 50 percent of syllabus of the courses of the semester.
- c. During the 17th 19th week of the semester, a semester end examination shall be conducted by the University for each course. This forms the third and final component of assessment (C3) and the maximum marks for the final component will be 60%.
- d. In case of a student who has failed to attend the C1 or C2 on a scheduled date, it shall be deemed that the student has dropped the test. However, in case of a student who could not take the test on scheduled date due to genuine reasons, such a candidate may appeal to the Program Coordinator / Principal. The Program Coordinator / Principal in consultation with the concerned teacher shall decide about the genuineness of the case and decide to conduct special test to such candidate on the date fixed by the concerned teacher but before commencement of the concerned semester end examinations.
- e. For assignments, tests, case study analysis etc., of C1 and C2, the students should bring their own answer scripts (A4 size), graph sheets etc., required for such tests/assignments and these be stamped by the concerned department using their department seal at the time of conducting tests / assignment / work etc.
- f. The outline for continuous assessment activities for Component-I (C1) and Component-II (C2) of a course shall be as under.

Outline for continuous assessment activities for C1 and C2 Activities

Activities	C1	C2	Total Marks
Session Test	10% marks	10% marks	20
Seminars/Presentations/Activity	10% marks	-	10
Case study /Assignment / Field work / Project work etc.	-	10% marks	10
Total	20% marks	20% marks	40

- g. For practical course of full credits, Seminar shall not be compulsory. In its place, marks shall be awarded for Practical Record Maintenance.(the ratio is 50%: 50%)
- h. Conduct of Seminar, Case study / Assignment, etc. can be either in C1 or in C2 component at the convenience of the concerned teacher.
- i. The teachers concerned shall conduct test / seminar / case study, etc. The students should be informed about the modalities well in advance. The evaluated courses / assignments during component I (C1) and component II (C2) of assessment are immediately provided to the candidates after obtaining acknowledgement in the register by the concerned teachers(s) and maintained by the Chairman in the case of a University Post-Graduate Department and the Principal / Director in the case of affiliated institutions. Before commencement of the semester end examination, the evaluated test, assignment etc. of C1 and C2 shall be obtained back to maintain them till the announcement of the results of the examination of the concerned semester.
- j. The marks of the internal assessment shall be published on the notice board of the department / college for information of the students.
- k. The Internal assessment marks shall be communicated to the Registrar (Evaluation) at least 10 days before the commencement of the University examinations and the Registrar (E) shall have access to the records of such periodical assessments.
- 1. There shall be no minimum in respect of internal assessment marks.
- m. Internal assessment marks may be recorded separately. A candidate who has failed or rejected the result, shall retain the internal assessment marks.

15. MINIMUM FOR A PASS:

1. No candidate shall be declared to have passed the Semester Examination as the case may be under each course/paper unless he/she obtains not less than 35% marks in written examination / practical examination and 40% marks in the aggregate of written / practical examination and internal assessment put together in each of the courses and 40% marks (including IA) in Project work and viva wherever prescribed.

- 2. A candidate shall be declared to have passed the program if he/she secures at least 40% of marks or a CGPA of 4.0 (Course Alpha-Sign Grade P) in the aggregate of both internal assessment and semester end examination marks put together in each unit such as theory papers / practical / field work / internship / project work / dissertation / viva-voce, provided the candidate has secured at least 40% of marks in the semester end examinations in each unit.
- 3. The candidates who pass all the semester examinations in the first attempts are eligible for ranks provided they secure at least CGPA of 6.00 (Alpha-Sign Grade B+).
- 4. A candidate who passes the semester examinations in parts is eligible for only Class, CGPA and Alpha-Sign Grade but not for ranking.
- 5. The results of the candidates who have passed the last semester examination but not passed the lower semester examinations shall be declared as NCL (Not Completed the Lower Semester Examinations). Such candidates shall be eligible for the degree only after completion of all the lower semester examinations.
- 6. If a candidate fails in a subject, either in theory or in practical's, he/she shall appear for that subject only at any subsequent regular examination, as prescribed for completing the programme. He/she must obtain the minimum marks for a pass in that subject (theory and practical's, separately) as stated above

16. CARRY OVER:

Candidates who fail in lower semester examinations may go to the higher semesters and take the lower semester examinations. (A candidate who fails in a lower semester examination may go to the higher semester. However, No candidate shall be permitted to take the a) fifth semester examination unless he/she passes all courses/papers of the first semester examination and b) no candidate shall be permitted to take the sixth semester examination unless he/she passes all courses/papers of the first and second semester examinations. Similarly, no candidate shall be permitted to take the c) seventh semester examination unless he/she passes all papers of the first three semester examinations, and d) no candidate shall be permitted to take the 8th semester examination unless he/she passes all papers of the first four semesters examinations).

17. CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES:

An alpha-sign grade, the eight point grading system, as described below may be adopted. The declaration of result is based on the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) earned towards the end of each semester or the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) earned towards the completion of all the eight semesters of the programme and the corresponding overall alpha-sign grades. If some candidates exit at the completion of first, second or third year of the four years Undergraduate Programmes, with Certificate, Diploma or the Basic Degree, respectively, then the results of successful candidates at

the end of second, fourth or sixth semesters shall also be classified on the basis of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) obtained in the two, four, six or eight semesters, respectively. For award of

- Certificate in Arts/ Science/ Commerce
- Diploma in Arts/Science/Commerce
- Bachelor's Degree in Arts/Science/Commerce
- Bachelor's Degree with Honours in a Discipline/Subject

In addition to the above, successful candidates at the end of tenth semester of the integrated Master's Degree Programmes, shall also be classified on the basis of CGPA obtained in the ten semesters of the Programmes. Likewise, the successful candidates of one year or two semester's Master's Degree Programmes are also classified on the basis of CGPA of two semesters of the Master's Degree Programmes,

TABLE II: FINAL RESULT / GRADES DESCRIPTION

Semester GPA/ Program CGPA	Alpha-Sign / Letter Grade	Semester/Program % of Marks	Result / Class Description
9.00-10.00	O (Outstanding)	90.0-100	Outstanding
8.00-<9.00	A+ (Excellent)	80.0-<90.0	First Class Exemplary
7.00-<8.00	A (Very Good)	70.0-<80.0	First Class Distinction
6.00-<7.00	B + (Good)	60.0-<70.0	First Class
5.50-<6.00	B (Above Average)	55.0-<60.0	High Second Class
5.00-<5.50	C (Average)	50.0-<55.0	Second Class
4.00-<5.00	P (Pass)	40.0-<50.0	Pass Class
Below 4.00	F (Fail)	Below 40	Fail/Reappear
Ab (Absent)	-	Absent	-

The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) in a Semester and the CGPA at the end of each year may be calculated as described in Appendix C:

18. REJECTION OF RESULTS:

- a. A candidate may be permitted to reject result of the whole examination of any semester. Rejection of result course/paper wise or subject wise shall not be permitted.
- b. The candidate who has rejected the result shall appear for the immediately following examination.
- c. The rejection shall be exercised only once in each semester and the rejection once exercised shall not be revoked.
- d. Application for rejection of results along with the payment of the prescribed fee shall be submitted to the Registrar (Evaluation) through the College of study together with the original statement of marks within 30 days from the date of publication of the result.
- e. A candidate who rejects the result is eligible for only SGPA/CGPA or Class and not for ranking.

19. TRANSFER OFADMISSION:

Transfer of admissions are permissible only for odd semesters for students of other universities and within the University.

19.1 CONDITIONS FOR TRANSFER OF ADMISSION OF STUDENTS WITHIN THE UNIVERSITY.

- a. His/her transfer admission shall be within the intake permitted to the college.
- b. Availability of same combination of subjects studied in the previous college.

- c. He/she shall fulfil the attendance requirements as per the University Regulation.
- d. He/she shall complete the programme as per the regulation governing the maximum duration of completing the programme.

19.2 CONDITIONS FOR TRANSFER ADMISSION OF STUDENTS OF OTHER UNIVERSITIES.

- a. A Candidate migrating from any other University may be permitted to join odd semester of the degree programme provided he/she has passed all the subjects of previous semesters / years as the case may be. Such candidates must satisfy all other conditions of eligibility stipulated in the regulations of the University.
- b. His/her transfer admission shall be within the intake permitted to the college.
- c. He/she shall fulfil the attendance requirements as per the University Regulation.
- d. The candidate who is migrating from other Universities is eligible for overall SGPA/CGPA or Class and not for ranking.
- e. He/she shall complete the programme as per the regulation governing the maximum duration of completing the programme as per this regulation.

20. POWER TO REMOVE DIFFICULTIES

If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of these regulations, the Vice-Chancellor may by order make such provisions not inconsistent with the Act, Statutes, Ordinances or other Regulations, as appears to be necessary or expedient to remove the difficulty. Every order made under this rule shall be subject to ratification by the Appropriate University Authorities.

21. REPEALAND SAVINGS:

The existing Regulations governing three years Bachelor degree programmes in the faculties of Arts, Science and Commerce shall stand repealed. However, the above Regulations shall continue to be in force for the students who have been admitted to the course before the enforcement of this regulation.

NEW EDUCATION POLICY INITIATIVES CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR

FOUR-YEAR UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAM IN COMMERCE

BBA – REGULAR

BBA – REGULAR PROGRAMREGULATIONS PERTAINING TO B.B.A DEGREE

SEMESTER – I

SL NO	Cours e Code	Title of the Course	Categor yof Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Mark s	Credits
1	Lang.1.1	Language -I	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
2	Lang.1.2	Language -II	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
3	BBA.1.1	Management Principles & Practice	DSC-1	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
4	BBA.1.2	Fundamentals of Accounting	DSC-2	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
5	BBA.1.3	Marketing Management	DSC-3	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
6	BBA.1.4	Digital Fluency	SEC-SB	1+0+2	30	20	50	2
7	BBA.1.5	Any one of the following: a. Business Organization b. Office Organization andManagement	OEC-1	3+0+0	60	40	100	3
8	BBA.1.6	Yoga	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
9	BBA.1.7	Health & Wellness	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
	SUB TOTAL (A)						700	25

SEMESTER – II

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
10	Lang.2.1	Language -I	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
11	Lang.2.2	Language – II	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
12	BBA.2.1	Financial Accounting & Reporting	DSC-4	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
13	BBA.2.2	Human Resource Management	DSC-5	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
14	BBA.2.3	Business Environment / Business Mathematics	DSC-6	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
15	BBA.2.4	Environmental Studies	AECC	2+0+0	30	20	50	2
16	BBA.2.5	Any one of the following: a. People Management b. Retail Management	OEC-2	3+0+0	60	40	100	3
17	BBA.2.6	Sports	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
18	BBA.2.7	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
		SUB TOTAL (B)			390	310	700	25

SEMESTER – III

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
19	Lang.3.1	Language -I	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
20	Lang.3.2	Language – II	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
21	BBA.3.1	Cost Accounting	DSC-7	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
22	BBA.3.2	Organizational Behaviour	DSC-8	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
23	BBA.3.3	Statistics for Business Decisions	DSC-9	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
24	BBA.3.4	Financial Education & Investment Awareness	SEC	1+0+2	30	20	50	2
25	BBA.3.5	Any one of the following: a. Social Media Marketing b. Business Correspondence.	OEC-3	3+0+0	60	40	100	3
26	BBA.3.6	Sports	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
27	BBA.3.7	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
	SUB TOTAL (C)						700	25

SEMESTER – IV

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
28	Lang.4.1	Language -I	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
29	Lang.4.2	Language – II	AECC	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
30	BBA.4.1	Management Accounting	DSC- 10	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
31	BBA.4.2	Business Analytics/ Financial Markets & Services	DSC-11	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
32	BBA.4.3	Financial Management	DSC- 12	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
33	BBA.4.4	Constitution of India	AECC-SB	2+0+0	30	20	50	2
34	BBA.4.5	Any one of the following: a. Business Leadership Skills b. Tourism Management	OEC-4	3+0+0	60	40	100	3
35	BBA.4.6	Sports	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
36	BBA.4.7	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
	SUB TOTAL (D)						700	25

EXIT OPTION WITH DIPLOMA - ABILITY TO SOLVE BROADLY DEFINED PROBLEMS.

SEMESTER - V

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SE E	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
37	BBA.5.1	Production And Operations Management/ International Business	DSC-13	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
38	BBA.5.2	Income Tax	DSC-14	3+0+2	60	40	100	4
39	BBA.5.3	Elective-1 (Paper -1)	DS E-1	3+0+2(P) 4+0+0(T)	60	40	100	3
40	BBA.5.4	Elective-2 (Paper -2)	DSE-2	3+0+2(P) 4+0+0(T)	60	40	100	3
41	BBA.5.5	Information Technology for Managers	VOC-1	3+0+2	60	40	100	3
42	BBA.5.6	Internship -1	Intern -1	1+0+2	-	50	50	2
43	BBA.5.7	Cyber Security or some other	SEC-SB	1+0+2	30	20	50	2
44	BBA.5.8	Sports	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
45	BBA.5.9	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
	SUB TOTAL (E)						650	23

SEMESTER - VI

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
46	BBA.6.1	Business Laws	DSC-15	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
47	BBA.6.2	Entrepreneurship & Start-up Management	DSC-16	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
48	BBA.6.3	Elective-1 (PAPER 2)	DSE-3	3+0+2(P) 4+0+0(T)	60	40	100	3
49	BBA.6.4	Elective-2(PAPER 2)	DSE-4	3+0+2(P) 4+0+0(T)	60	40	100	3
50	BBA.6.5	Goods and Services tax (GST)	VOC-2	3+0+2	60	40	100	3
51	BBA.6.6	Internship -2	Intern – 1	1+0+2	-	50	50	2
52	BBA.6.7	Professional Communication	SEC-SB	2+0+2	30	20	50	2
53	BBA.6.8	Sports	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
54	BBA.6.9	NCC/NSS/R&R(S&G)/ Cultural	SEC-VB	0+0+2	-	25	25	1
	SUB TOTAL (F)						650	23

Students have to select dual electives out of the list of electives given in Fifth and Sixth Semester. Electives selected in the fifth semester should be continued in the sixth semester. However the y can change the electives in the seventh semester. The electives selected in the seventh semester will continue in the eighth semester.

EXIT OPTION WITH BACHELOR DEGREE -ABILITY TO SOLVE COMPLEX PROBLEMS THAT ARE ILL-STRUCTURED REQUIRING MULTI-DISCIPLINARY SKILLS TO SOLVE THEM.

SEMESTER – VII

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
55	BBA.7.1	Business Ethics & Corporate Governance	DSC-17	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
56	BBA.7.2	E Commerce	DSC-18	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
57	BBA.7.3	Advance Statistics for Business Research	DSC-19	2+0+2	60	40	100	3
58	BBA.7.4	One Course from the Selected Elective Group	DSE-5	3+0+2(P) 4+0+0(T)	60	40	100	4
59	BBA.7.5	Vocational-3 Application of Statistical Software (Any one Statistical Software)	VOC-3	1+0+2	60	40	100	3
60	BBA.7.6	Research Methodology	RM-1	3+1+0	60	40	100	3
		SUB TOTAL (G)			360	240	600	21

SEMESTER – VIII

SL NO	Course Code	Title of the Course	Category of Course	Teaching Hours per Week (L+T+P)	SEE	CIE	Total Marks	Credits
61	BBA.8.1	Strategic Management	DSC-20	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
62	BBA.8.2	Operations Research and Quantitative Techniques	DSC-21	4+0+0	60	40	100	4
63	BBA.8.3	Project Management	DSC-22	2+0+2	60	40	100	4
64	BBA.88.4	Digital Marketing	VOC-4	40	60	40	100	3
65	BBA.8.5	Research Projects/Internship with	RM-2	3+1+0	120	80	200	6
65	OR BBA.8.5	Viva – voce OR	DSE-6*	2+0+2(P) 3+0+0(T)	60	40	100*	3*
66	BBA.8.6	Elective Paper (Two Courses from the Selected Elective Group)	DSE-7*	2+0+2(P) 3+0+0(T)	60	40	100*	3*
	SUB TOTAL (H)					240	600	21
	Grand Total (A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H) (SEE+CIE+TM+C)						5300	188

^{*}In lieu of the research Project, two additional elective papers/ Internship may be offered Award of Bachelor of Commerce Degree with Honours, (With the completion of courses equal to a minimum of 180 credits)

BACHELOR DEGREE WITH HONORS – Experience of workplace problem solving in the form of internship or research experience preparing for higher education or entrepreneurship experience.

NOTES:

- One Hour of Lecture is equal to 1 Credit.
- One Hour of Tutorial is equal to 1 Credit (Except Languages).
- · Two Hours of Practical is equal to 1 Credit

Acronyms Expanded

AECC : Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course

DSC © : Discipline Specific Core (Course)

SEC-SB/VB : Skill Enhancement Course-Skill Based/Value Based

OEC : Open Elective Course
DSE : Discipline Specific Elective
SEE : Semester End Examination
CIE : Continuous Internal Evaluation
L+T+P : Lecture+Tutorial+Practical(s)

Note: Practical Classes may be conducted in the Business Lab or in Computer Lab or in Class room depending on the requirement. One batch of students should not exceed half (i.e., 30 or less than 30 students) of the number of students in each class/section. 2 Hours of Practical Class is equal to 1 Hour of Teaching, however, whenever it is conducted for the entire class (i.e., more than 30 students)

2 Hours of Practical Class is equal to 2 Hours of Teaching.

ELECTIVE GROUPS AND COURSES:

Discipline Specific Electives - V Semester							
Sl. No	Finance	Marketing	Huma n Resourc e Management	Data Analytic s	Retailing	110	Entrepreneurs hip
Paper-	Advanced Corporate Financial Manageme nt	Consume r Behavio r	Compensation and Performance Management	Hinancia -	Retail Operation s Manageme nt	Freight Transport Manageme nt	Entrepren eurship Theory and Practice

Discipline Specific Electives - VI Semester							
Sl. No	Finance	Marketing	HRM	Data Analytics	Retailing	LSCM	Entreprene urship
Paper-2	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	Advertising Management & Sales promotion	Employe eWelfare & Social Securit y	Marketing Analytics	Strategic Brand Management	Sourcing for Logistics and SCM	Innovation and Entrepreneurs hip

Discipline Specific Electives - VII Semester							
Sl. No	Finance	Marketing	HRM	Data Analytics	Retailing	LSCM	Entreprene urship
Paper-3	Strategic Financial Management	Brand Management / Rural Marketing	Labor Laws & IR	HR Analytics	Merchandisin g Planning and Buying	Managing Procurement contract and relationship	Government Schemes for Entrepreneursh ip

Discipline Specific Electives - VIII Semester							
Sl. No	Finance	Marketing	HRM	Data Analytic s	Retailing	LSCM	Entreprene urship
Paper-4	Derivatives and Risk Management	B to B Marketing (Industrial Marketing)	HRD	Web and Social Intelligence	IT applications in Retail Business	Global Environment for Supply chain Management	Managing Business Performance (BPIP)
Paper-5	International Financial Management	Sales & Distribution Management	International HRM	Machine Learning in Business	Visual Merchandising	International Supply Chain	Social Entrepreneurshi p

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 1.1

Name of the Course: MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES & PRACTICE

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
4 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Casestudies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) The ability to understand concepts of business management, principles and function of management.
- b) The ability to explain the process of planning and decision making.
- c) The ability to create organization structures based on authority, task and responsibilities.
- d) The ability to explain the principles of direction, importance of communication, barrier of communication, motivation theories and leadership styles.
- e) The ability to understand the requirement of good control system and controltechniques.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
MODULE-1: Introduction to Management	10

Introduction – Meaning, Evolution of management thought, Pre-Scientific Management Era, Classical Management Era, Neo-Classical Management Era, Modern Management Era; Nature and Characteristics of Management - Scope and Functional areas of Management; Management as a Science, Art or Profession; Management and Administration; Principles of Management.

MODULE-2: Planning and Decision Making

08

Nature, Importance and Purpose of Planning - Planning Process; Objectives; Typesof plans (Meaning only); Decision making- Importance and steps; MBO and MBE(Meaning only)

MODULE -3: Organizing and Staffing

12

Nature and purpose of Organization; Principles of Organizing; Delegation of Authority; Types of Organization - Depart mentation, Committees; Centralization vs Decentralization of Authority and Responsibility, Span of Control; Nature and importance of Staffing

MODULE-4: Directing and Communicating

12

Meaning and Nature of Direction, Principles of Direction; Communication - Meaning and Importance, Communication Process, Barriers to Communication, Steps to overcome Communication Barriers, Types of Communication; Motivationtheories - Maslow's Need Hierarchy Theory, Herzberg's Two Factor Theory, Mc.Gregor's X and Y theory. Leadership - Meaning, Formal and Informal

Leadership, Characteristics of Leadership; Leadership Styles – Autocratic Style, Democratic Style, Participative Style, Laissez Faire Leadership Styles, TransitionLeadership, Charismatic Leadership Style.

MODULE-5: Coordinating and Controlling

07

Coordination—Meaning, Importance and Principles. Controlling-Meaning and steps in controlling, Essentials of Effective Control system, Techniques of Control(in brief).

MODULE-6: Business Social Responsibility and Managerial Ethics

07

Business Social Responsibility - Meaning, Arguments for and against Business Social Responsibility; Green management - Meaning, Green Management Actions; Managerial Ethics - Meaning - Importance of Ethics in Business, Factors that determine Ethical or Unethical behavior.

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Two cases on the above syllabus should be analysed by the teacher in the classroom and the same needs to be recorded by the student in the Skill Development Book.
- 2. Draft different types of Organization structure.
- 3. Draft Control charts.

Books for References:

- 1. Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich (2017), Essentials of Management: An International and Leadership Perspective, McGraw Hill Education, 10th Edition.
- 2. Stephen PRobbins and Madhushree Nanda Agrawal (2009), Fundamentals of Management: Essential Concepts and Applications, Pearson Education, 6thEdition.
- 3. James H. Donnelly, (1990) Fundamentals of Management, Pearson Education, 7th Edition.
- 4. B.P. Singh and A.K. Singh (2002), Essentials of Management, Excel Books
- 5. P C Tripathi & P N Reddy (2005), Principles of Management, TMHPublications, 3rd Edition
- 6. LM Prasad, Principles of management, Sultan Chand and Sons
- 7. Appanniah and Reddy, Management, HPH.
- 8. T. Ramaswamy: Principles of Management, HPH.

Name of The Program: Bachelor of Business Administration

Course Code: BBA 1.2

Name of The Course: FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
4 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, and problem solving.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will beable to:

- a) Understand the framework of accounting as well accounting standards.
- b) The Ability to pass journal entries and prepare ledger accounts
- c) The Ability to prepare various subsidiary books
- d) The Ability to prepare trial balance and final accounts of proprietary concern.
- e) Construct final accounts through application of accounting software tally.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module-1: Introduction to Financial Accounting	08

Introduction – Meaning and Definition – Objectives of Accounting – Functions of Accounting-Significance of Accounting – Users of Accounting Information – Limitations of Accounting – Accounting Cycle - Accounting Principles- Accounting Concepts and Accounting Conventions. Accounting Standards – objectives- significance of accounting standards. List of Indian Accounting Standards. (INDAS).

Module -2: Accounting Process

12

Meaning of Double entry system - Process of Accounting - Kinds of Accounts - Rules -

Transaction Analysis – Journal – Ledger – Balancing of Accounts – Trial Balance – Problems on Journal, Ledger Posting and Preparation of Trial Balance.

Module- 3: Subsidiary Books

14

Meaning – Significance – Types of Subsidiary Books –Preparation of Purchases Book, Sales Book, Purchase Returns Book, Sales Return Book, Bills Receivable Book, Bills Payable Book. Types of Cash Book- Simple Cash Book, Double Column Cash Book, Three Column Cash Book and Petty Cash Book -Problems. Bank Reconciliation Statement – Preparation of Bank Reconciliation Statement.

Module -4: Final Accounts of Proprietary Concern

10

Preparation of Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet of a proprietary concern with special adjustments like depreciation, outstanding expenses and prepaid expenses, outstanding incomes and incomes received in advance and provision for doubtful debts, interest on drawings and interest on capital.

Introduction-Meaning of accounting software, types accounting software—Accounting software Tally-Meaning of Tally software—Features—Advantages. Creating a New Company, Basic Currency information, other information, Company features and Inventory features. Configuring Tally—General Configuration, Numerical symbols, accounts/inventory info—master configuration—voucher entry configuration. Working in Tally: Groups, Ledgers, writing voucher, different types of vouchers, voucher entry Problem on Voucher entry—GeneratingBasic Reports in Tally-Trail Balance, Accounts books, Cash Book, Bank Books, Ledger Accounts, Group Summary, Sales Register and Purchase Register, Journal register, Statement of Accounts, Trading and profit account and Balance Sheet.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. List out the accounting concepts and conventions.
- 2. Prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement with imaginary figures
- 3. Prepare a cash Book with imaginary figures.
- 4. Collect the financial statement of a proprietary concern and record it.
- 5. List out pre-determined Groups and ledgers created by tally software.

Books for References:

- 1. Robert N Anthony, David Hawkins, Kenneth A. Merchant, (2017)Accounting: Text and Cases, Mc Graw-Hill Education, 13thEdition.
- 2. S.Anil Kumar, V.Rajesh Kumar and B.Mariyappa Financial Accounting, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. SP Iyengar (2005), Advanced Accounting, Sultan Chand & Sons, Vol. 1.
- 4. Charles T. Horngren and Donna Philbrick, (2013) Introduction to Financial Accounting, Pearson Education, 11th Edition.
- 5. J.R. Monga, Financial Accounting: Concepts and Applications. Mayur PaperBacks, New Delhi, 32ndEdition.
- 6. S.N. Maheshwari, and S. K. Maheshwari. Financial Accounting. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 6th Edition.
- 7. B.S. Raman (2008), Financial Accounting Vol. I & II, United Publishers & Distributors

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 1.3 Name of the Course: MARKETING MANAGEMENT

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
4 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Casestudies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will beable to:

- a) Understand the concepts and functions of marketing.
- b) Analyse marketing environment impacting the business.
- c) Segment the market and understand the consumer behavior.
- d) Describe the 4 p's of marketing and also strategize marketing mix
- e) Describe 7 p's of service marketing mix.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module No. 1: Introduction to Marketing	10

Meaning and Definition, Concepts of Marketing, Approaches to Marketing, Functions of Marketing. Recent trends in Marketing-E-business, Tele-marketing, M-Business, Green Marketing, Relationship Marketing, Concept Marketing, Digital Marketing, social media marketing and E-tailing (Meaning only).

Module No. 2: Marketing Environment

10

Micro Environment – The company, suppliers, marketing intermediaries competitors, public and customers; Macro Environment- Demographic, Economic, Natural, Technological, Political, Legal, Socio-Cultural Environment.

Module No. 3: Market Segmentation and Consumer Behaviour

10

Meaning and Definition, Bases of Market Segmentation, Requisites of Sound Market Segmentation; Consumer Behavior-Factors influencing Consumer Behavior; Buying Decision Process.

Module No. 4: Marketing Mix

20

Meaning, Elements of Marketing Mix (Four P's) – Product, Price, Place, Promotion. Product-Product Mix, Product Line, Product Lifecycle, New Product Development, Reasons for Failure of New Product, Branding, Packing and Packaging, Labeling, Pricing – Objectives, Factors influencing Pricing Policy, Methods of Pricing; Physical Distribution–Meaning, Factors affecting Channel Selection, Types of Marketing Channels. Promotion – Meaning and Significance of Promotion, Personal Selling and Advertising (Meaning Only)

Module No. 5: Services Marketing

06

Meaning and definition of services, difference between goods and services, features of services, seven P's of services marketing (concepts only).

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Two cases on the above syllabus should be analyzed and recorded in the skilldevelopment
- 2. Design a logo and tagline for a product of your choice
- 3. Develop an advertisement copy for a product.
- 4. Prepare a chart for distribution network for different products.

Books for References:

- 1. Philip Kotler, Marketing Management, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Lovelock Christopher, Services Marketing: People, Technology, Strategy, PHI, New Delhi
- 3. William J. Stanton, Michael J.Etzel, Bruce J Walker, Fundamentals of Marketing, McGraw Hill
- 4. Bose Biplab, Marketing Management, Himalaya Publishers.
- 5. J.C. Gandhi, Marketing Management, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 6. Ramesh and Jayanti Prasad: Marketing Management, I.K. International
- 7. Sontakki, Marketing Management, Kalyani Publishers.
- 8. PN Reddy and Appanniah, Marketing Management
- 9. Saxena Rajan, (2017) Marketing Management, Tata McGraw-HillPublishing Company Ltd., New Delhi. Fifth Edition.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Course Code: BBA 1.5 a (OEC)

Name of the Course: BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
3 CREDITS	3 HOURS	42 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Casestudies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will beable to:

- a) An understanding of the nature, objectives and social responsibilities of business
- b) An ability to describe the different forms of organisations
- c) An understanding of the basic concepts of management
- d) An understanding of functions of management.
- e) An understanding of different types of business combinations

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module No. 1: Introduction to Business	12

Business: Meaning, Nature, Objectives, Social responsibility of Business, Essentials of successful business; Functional areas of business. Concept of Business Organization.

Module No. 2: Forms of Business Organization

12

Sole proprietorship: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits. Partnership: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits. Joint Stock Company: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits. Cooperatives: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits.

Module No. 3: Public Enterprises

08

Government Departmental Undertakings: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits. Public Corporations: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits. Government Companies: Meaning, Features, Merits and Demerits

Module No. 4: Business Combinations

10

Meaning, Reason, Types, Forms, merits and demerits of BusinessCombinations, Recent Trends in Business Combinations.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. List out the different types of business organizations.
- 2. Prepare a chart showing different types of business combinations.
- 3. List the contents of Partnership deed.
- 4. List out the features of Joint Stock Company/ Cooperatives/ Government Companies/ Public Corporations.

Books for References:

- 1. CB. Guptha Business Organisation and Management, Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 2. Dr. S. C. Saxena Business Administration & Management, Sahitya Bhawan.
- 3. M. C. Shukla Business Organisation and Management. S Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. S.ASherlekar Business Organization, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Y.K. Bhushan. Fundamentals of Business Organisation and Management, Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 6. R.K. Sharma, Business Organisation & Management Kalyani Publishers
- 7. Dr. I.M. Sahai, Dr. Padmakar Asthana, Business Organisation & Administration, Sahitya Bhawan Publications Agra.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 1.5 b

Name of the Course: OFFICE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT(OEC)

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
3 CREDITS	3 HOURS	42 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will beable to:

- a) An understanding of basic knowledge of office organisation and management
- b) Demonstrate skills in effective office organisation
- c) Ability to maintain office records
- d) Ability to maintain digital record.
- e) Understanding of different types of organisation structures andresponsibilities as future office managers.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module Do. 1: Fundamentals of Office Management	
	10

Introduction: Meaning, importance and functions of modern office

Modern Office Organisation: Meaning; Steps in office organisation; Principles of Office organisation, Organisation structure types,

Nature of office services: Types of services in a modern office, Centralization and decentralization of office services, Depart mentation of Office

Office management: Meaning, Elements and major processes of Officemanagement; Office Manager: Functions and qualifications of Office manager.

Module No. 2: Administrative Arrangement and Facilities 12

Office Accommodation: Meaning and Importance: Location of Office, Choice ofLocation: Urban vs Suburban, Factors to be Considered in Selecting the Site, Securing OfficeSpace;

Office Lay-out: Objectives of Office Lay-out, Principles of Office Lay-out, Steps in Lay-out Planning, Advantages of a Good Lay-out.

Types of offices: Open Office and Private Office- advantages and disadvantages.

Module No. 3: Office Environment 10

Office Environment: Meaning and Components; Interior Decoration-Colour Conditioning, Floor Coverings, Furnishings; Furniture and Fixtures-Types of Furniture, Principles Governing Selection of Furniture; Lighting and Ventilation; Noise: Internal Noise, External Noise; Cleanliness, Sanitation and Health, Safety and Security.

Module No. 4: Records Management

10

Introduction to records: Importance of Records, types of office records,

Records Management: Meaning, Principles of Record Keeping, Functions of Records Management

Filing: Elements, Functions, Objectives and Importance, Essentials of a GoodFiling System, Classification of Files, Filing Procedure.

Filing Methods: Horizontal Filing and Vertical Filing-meaning, equipment used.

Office manual: contents, Importance, types of office manuals.

Indexing: Meaning, importance, essentials of good indexing, typeof index.

Retention and disposal of files: Meaning, need fordisposal of files, life-cyclestages of files.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Visit an office and enlist the different types of files used in the office
- 2. Identify the different types of stationery used in offices today
- 3. Draw charts indicating different types of office layouts.
- 4. List out the different types of records maintain in office.

Books for References:

- 1. S.P Arora, Office Organisation and Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt
- 2. M.EThakuram Rao, Office organisation and Management, Atlantic
- 3. Judith Read, Mary Lea Ginn, Record Management, 10th Edition, CengageLearning.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 2.1 Name of the Course: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
4 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, and Problem solving.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Ability to understand the conversion of single entry into double entry.
- b) The ability to prepare final accounts of partnership firms
- c) The ability to understand the process of public issue of shares and accounting for the same
- d) The ability to prepare final accounts of joint stock companies.
- e) The ability to prepare and evaluate vertical and horizontal analysis of financial statements

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module -1: Conversion of Single-Entry System into	
Double Entry System	10

Single entry system- Meaning – Features – Merits – Demerits – Types. Conversion into Double Entry system – Need for Conversion – Preparation of Statement of Affairs – Cash book – Memorandum Trading Account – Total Debtors Account – Total Creditors Account – Bills Receivable Account – Bills Payable Account – Trading and Profit & LossAccount and Balance Sheet.

Module -2: Final Accounts of Partnership Firms

10

. Meaning of Partnership Firm- features of Partnership. Partnership deed-contents of partnership deed. Preparation of Final accounts of partnership firms-Trading and Profit and Loss Account, Profit and Loss Appropriation Account, Partner's Capital Account and Balance Sheet.

Module-3: Issue of Shares and Debentures

12

. Meaning of Share, Types of Shares – Preference shares and Equity shares – Issue of Shares at par, at Premium, at Discount: Pro-Rata Allotment; Journal Entries relating to issue of shares and debentures; Preparation of respective ledger accounts; Preparation of Balance Sheet in the Vertical form - Problems

Module - 4: Final Accounts of Joint Stock Companies

12

Statutory Provisions regarding preparation of Company's Financial statements – Treatment of Special Items, Tax deducted at source, Advance payment of Tax, Provision for Tax, Depreciation, Interest on debentures, Dividends, Rules regarding payment of dividends, Transfer to Reserves, Preparation of Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet Schedule -III of Companies Act, 2013

Module -5: Analysis of Financial Statements

08

Meaning of financial analysis-Types of Analysis – Methods of Financial Analysis – Comparative Statements – Common Size Statements – Trend Analysis – Problems.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Prepare different accounts with imaginary figures to find out missing items while converting single entry into double entry system.
- 2. Refer annual reports of two companies and present it in comparative form.
- 3. Draft a partnership deed as per Partnership Act. With imaginary data.
- 4. Prepare a Balance sheet of a company as per schedule III part I of the companies Act 2013 with imaginary figures.
- 5. Collect financial statement of a company for five years and analyze the same using trend analysis.

Books for References:

- 1. Anil Kumar, Rajesh Kumar and Mariyappa, Advanced Financial Accounting, HPH
- 2. Arulanandam & Raman; Advanced Accountancy, HPH.
- 3. Hanif and Mukherjee, Corporate Accounting, Mc Graw Hill Publishers.
- 4. S.N. Maheswari, Financial Accounting, Vikas Publication
- 5. S PJain and K. L. Narang, Financial Accounting, Kalyani Publication
- 6. Soundarajan & K. Venkataramana, Financial Accounting, SHBP.
- 7. Janardhanan: Advanced Financial Accounting, Kalyani Publishers
- 8. Radhaswamy and R.L. Gupta, Advanced Accounting, Sultan Chand
- 9. M.C. Shukla and Grewal, Advanced Accounting

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 2.2

Name of the Course: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
4 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Ability to describe the role and responsibility of Human resources management functions on business
- b) Ability to describe HRP, Recruitment and Selection process
- c) Ability to describe to induction, training, and compensation aspects.
- d) Ability to explain performance appraisal and its process.
- e) Ability to demonstrate Employee Engagement and Psychological Contract.

SYLLABUS: HOURS

Module No. 1: Introduction to Human Resource Management

10

Meaning and Definition of HRM – Features Objectives, Differences between Human Resource Management and Personnel Management, Importance, Functions and Process of HRM, Role of HR Manager, Trends influencing HR practices.

Module No. 2: Human Resource Planning, Recruitment & Selection

14

Human Resource Planning: Meaning and Importance of Human Resource Planning, Process of HRP; **HR Demand Forecasting**- Meaning and Techniques (Meanings Only) and HR supply forecasting; **Succession Planning**—Meaning and Features; **Job Analysis**: Meaning and Uses of Job Analysis, Process of Job Analysis – Job Description, Job Specification, Job Enlargement, Job Rotation, Job Enrichment (Meanings Only); **Recruitment** – Meaning, Methods of Recruitment, Factors affecting Recruitment, Sources of Recruitment;

Selection – Meaning, Steps in Selection Process, Psychometric tests for Selection, Barriers to effective Selection, Making Selection effective; Placement, Gamification – Meaning and Features

Module No. 3: Induction, Training and Compensation

10

Induction: Meaning, Objectives and Purpose of Induction, Problems faced duringInduction, Induction Program Planning.

Training: Need for training, Benefits of training, Assessment of Training Needs and Methods of Training and Development; Kirkpatrick Model; Career Development.

Compensation: Direct and Indirect forms of Compensation (Meaning Only), Compensation Structure.

Module No. 4: Performance Appraisal, Promotion & Transfers

14

Performance appraisal: Meaning and Definition, Objectives and Methods of Performance Appraisal – Uses and Limitations of Performance Appraisal, Process of Performance Appraisal

Promotion: Meaning and Definition of Promotion, Purpose of Promotion, Basis of promotion

Transfer: Meaning of Transfer, Reasons for Transfer, Types of Transfer, Right Sizing of Work Force, Need for Right Sizing

Module No. 5: Employee Engagement and Psychological Contract

08

Employee Engagement (EE): Meaning and Types of EE, Drivers of Engagement -Measurement of EE, Benefits of EE.

Psychological contract: Meaning and features

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Preparation of Job Descriptions and Job specifications for a Job profile
- 2. Choose any MNC and present your observations on training program
- 3. Develop a format for performance appraisal of an employee.
- 4. Discussion of any two Employee Engagement models.
- 5. Analysis of components of pay structure based on the CTC sent by the Corporate to the institute for the various jobs of different sectors.

- 1. Aswathappa, Human Resource Management, McGraw Hill
- 2. Edwin Flippo, Personnel Management, McGraw Hill
- 3. C.B.Mamoria, Personnel Management, HPH
- 4. Subba Rao, Personnel and Human Resources Management, HPH
- 5. Reddy & Appanainah, Human Resource Management, HPH
- 6. S.Sadri & Others: Geometry of HR, HPH
- 7. Michael Porter, HRM and Human Relations, Juta & Co.Ltd.
- 8. K. Venkataramana, Human Resource Management, SHBP

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 2.3 Name of the Course: BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
4 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion student will demonstrate:

- a) An Understanding of components of business environment.
- b) Ability to analyse the environmental factors influencing business organisation.
- c) Ability to demonstrate Competitive structure analysis for select industry.
- d) Ability to explain the impact of fiscal policy and monetary policy on business.
- e) Ability to analyse the impact of economic environmental factors on business.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module No. 1: Introduction BusinessEnvironment	
	16

Business environment-Meaning, Types of Business Environment – Internal and External – Micro environment and Macro-environment of business, Impact of these factors on business; Environmental analysis-Scanning, Monitoring, Forecasting, Assessment; Limitation of Environment Analysis; Competitive analysis of Business.

Module No. 2: Government and Legal Environment 14

Government- Functions of the State, Economic role of government, State intervention in business- reasons for and types of state intervention in business. Impact of Monetary policy, Fiscal policy, Exim policy and Industrial policy on business.

Legal environment - Impact of various laws on Indian businesses.

Module No. 3: Economic and Global Environment 12

Economic environment- Meaning, Nature and Components of the economic Environment, Factors affecting economic environment.

Globalisation of business- Meaning and Dimensions, Stages, Essential conditions of globalisation, Foreign market entry strategies, Merits and demerits of globalisation, Impact of Globalisation on Indian businesses, Global businesses - MNCs, TNCs (concepts only).

Module No. 4: Technological Environment 10

Technological Environment: Meaning and features, Impact of Technological changes on business, Technology and Society, Technological Acquisition modes, Management of Technology.

Module No. 5: Natural Environment

04

Meaning and Features of natural environment. Impact of Natural environment on business.

Skill Development Activities:

- a) List out key features of recent Monetary policy published by RBI impacting businesses.
- b) List out the benefits of technology on businesses.
- c) Draft Five Forces Model for Imaginary business.
- d) List out the impact of Globalisation on Indian businesses

- 1. Aswathappa. K, Essentials Of Business Environment, HPH
- 2. Sundaram & Black: The International Business Environment; Prentice Hall
- 3. Chidambaram: Business Environment; Vikas Publishing
- 4. Upadhyay, S: Business Environment, Asia Books
- 5. Chopra, BK: Business Environment in India, Everest Publishing
- 6. Suresh Bedi: Business Environment, Excel Books
- 7. Economic Environment of Business by M. Ashikary.
- 8. Business Environment by Francis Cherunilam, HPH

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 2.3 Name of the Course: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
3 CREDITS	3 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Case studies, Group discussion, Seminar & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion student will demonstrate:

- a) The application of equations to solve business problems.
- b) The Application AP and GP in solving business problems.
- c) The calculation of simple interest, compound interest and discounting of Bills of Exchange.
- d) The application of matrices in business.
- e) The Application of ratios and proportions in business.

SYLLABUS: HOURS

Module -1: Number System and Indices

12

Number System: Introduction – Natural numbers, Even numbers, Odd numbers, Integers, Prime numbers, Rational & Irrational numbers, Real numbers, HCF & LCM (Simple problems).

Indices- Meaning-Basiclawsofindicesandtheirapplication for simplification (Simple Problems).

Module -2: Theory of Equations

12

Introduction – Meaning - Types of Equations – Simple or Linear Equations and Simultaneous Equations (only two variables), Elimination and Substitution Methods only. Quadratic Equation - Factorization and Formula Method (ax 2 + bx + c = 0 form only). Simple problems-Application of equations in business.

Module-. 3: Progressions

12

Meaning-Types of Progression-Arithmetic Progression – Finding the 'nth' term of AP and Sum to 'nth' term of AP. Insertion of Arithmetic Mean. Geometric Progression – Finding the 'nth' term of GP and sum to 'nth' term of GP and insertion of Geometric Mean-problems

Module -4: Financial Mathematics

10

Simple Interest, Compound Interest including yearly and half yearly calculations, Annuities, Percentages, Bills Discounting-problems. Ratios and Proportions-Duplicate-triplicate and sub-duplicate of a ratio. Proportions- third, fourth and inverse proportion – problems.

Module-5: Matrices and Determinants

10

Meaning — types of matrices-Dimension of matrix -Operation of matrices — additions — subtractions and multiplication of two matrices — transpose of a matrix — determinants — minor of an element — co-factor of an element —inverse of a square matrix — crammer's rule in two variables — problems

Skill Development Activities:

- a) Secondary overhead distribution using simultaneous equations method.
- b) State the various laws of indices and Logarithms
- c) Demonstrate the application of matrices in solving business problems.
- d) Narrate the use of AP and GP in solving commercial application problems.
- e) Develop an Amortization Table for Loan Amount EMI Calculation.

- 1. Sancheti & Kapoor: Business Mathematics and Statistics, Sultan Chand
- 2. Madappa, Mahadi Hassan, M. Iqbal Taiyab Business Mathematics, Subhash Publications
- 3. Saha: Mathematics for Cost Accountants, Central Publishers.
- 4. Azharuddin: Business Mathematics, Vikas Publishers.
- 5. R.S Bhardwaj: Mathematics for Economics & Business

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 2.5 a (Open Elective Course) NAME OF THE COURSE: PEOPLE MANAGEMENT

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURS PER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
3 CREDITS	3 HOURS	42 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Ability to examine the difference between People Management with Human resource Management
- b) Ability to explain the need for and importance of People Management.
- c) Ability to explain role of manager in different stages of performance management process
- d) Ability to list modern methods of performance and task assessment.
- e) Ability to analyse the factors influencing the work life balance of a working individual.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module 1: Introduction to People Management	10

People Management: Meaning, Features, Significance, Functions-Managerial and Operational; Factors influencing People Management; Qualities of People's Manager working in diversity; Reason to manage diversity, Barrier to manage diversity.

Module 2: Performance Management and Assessment 12

Performance Management: Meaning, Process of Performance Evaluation, **R**ole of a manager in the different stages of theperformance management process, Methods of Performance Evaluation, Problems in Performance Evaluation, Modern tools of assessment and evaluation of tasks and performance.

Module 3: Peer Networks and Effective Teams	
	12

Peer Networks: Meaning, Importance of peer networks in an organization; Benefits and Challenges of Peer networking;

Effective teams-Meaning, Importance; Types of teams – Problem solving teams, Cross functional team, Virtual teams;

Creating effective teams-Factors determining team effectiveness -Context, Composition, Process; Guidelines to enhance team performance.

Managing Self: Meaning, Need for Managing Self, Self-awareness and Self Discipline, Guidelines for self-development.

Stress Management: Meaning of Stress, Types, Causes for stress, Effects of stress and Measures to overcome stress.

Work-life Balance – Meaning, Need, Importance of Work-life balance, Factors influencing Work-life Balance.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Analyse two cases on any of the above content indicated above.
- 2. List out the modern tools to performance assessment and evaluation.
- 3. Conduct a survey of work life balance of working individuals
- 4. Draft a Career development of working individual in the middle level management.

- 1. Stephen P Robbins, Timothy A Judge, Niharika Vohra, Organisational Behaviour, Pearson
- 2. McShane, Steven L. and Mary Ann Von Glinow, Organizational Behavior: Emerging Knowledge and Practice for the Real World. McGraw-Hill, latest edition, ISBN: 0-07-115113-3.
- 3. Bernardin, H. John and Joyce E. A. Russell. Human Resource Management: An Experiential Approach. McGraw-Hill, 6/e. ISBN: 0078029163
- 4. Argyris, C. (1974). Personality vs. Organization. Organizational Dynamics. Vol. 3. No. 2, Autumn.
- 5. Blume, B. Baldwin, T. and Ryan, K. (2013). Communication Apprehension.
- 6. A barrier to student's leadership, adaptability and multicultural appreciation. Academy of Management Learning & Education, Jun, Vol. 12 Issue 2, p158-172.
- 7. Colquitt, J.A., LePine, J.A., & Wesson, M.J. (2009) Organizational Behavior: Improving Performance and Commitment in the Workplace (International edition). New York: McGraw-Hill.
- 8. Goleman, D. (1998). Working with Emotional Intelligence. Bantam Books,

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 2.5 b (OEC)

Name of the Course: RETAIL MANAGEMENT

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
3 Credits	3 Hrs.	45 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom's lecture, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion Student will demonstrate;

- a) An understanding of the types and forms of Retail business.
- b) Ability to examine Consumer Behaviour in various environment.
- c) Ability to analyse various Retail operations and evaluate them.
- d) Ability to analyse various marketing mix elements in retail operations.
- e) An understanding of Information Technology in retail business.

Syllabus		Hours
Module No. 1:	INTRODUCTION TO RETAIL BUSINESS	08

Definition – functions of retailing - types of retailing – forms of retail business ownership. Wheel of Retailing - Retail life cycle. Retail business in India: Influencing factors - Present Indian retail scenario.

Module No. 2: RETAIL OPERATIONS

10

Factors influencing location of Store - Market area analysis - Trade area analysis - Rating Plan method - Site evaluation. Retail Operations: Stores Layout and visual merchandising, Stores designing, Space planning, Inventory management, Merchandise Management, Category Management.

Module No. 3: RETAIL MARKETING MIX

Introduction -Product : Decisions related to selection of goods - Decisions related to delivery of service. Pricing: Influencing factors – approaches to pricing – Price sensitivity - Value pricing - Markdown pricing. Place : Supply channel - SCM principles - Retail logistics - replenishment system. Promotion: Setting objectives - promotional mix.

Module No. 4: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY IN RETAILING

08

Non store retailing (e-retailing) - The impact of Information Technology on retailing -Integrated systems and networking - EDI, Bar coding, Electronic article surveillance, Electronic shelf labels (concepts only), customer database management system

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Draw a retail life cycle chart and list the stages.
- 2. Draw a chart showing a retail store operation.
- 3. List out the major functions of a store manager.
- 4. List out the current trends in e-retailing.
- 5. List out the Factors Influencing in the location of a New Retail outlet.

- 1. Suja Nair; Retail Management, HPH
- 2. Kart $_{uld}$ Retail Management, HPH

- 3. S.K. Poddar& others Retail Management, VBH.
- 4. R.S Tiwari ; Retail Management, HPH

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Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA.) Course Code: BBA. 3.1

Name of the Course: COST ACCOUNTING

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Case studies, Tutorial classes, Group discussion, Seminar & field work etc..

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- a. Demonstrate an understanding of the concepts of costing and cost accounting.
- b. Classify, allocate apportion overheads and calculate overhead absorption rates.
- c. Demonstrate the ability to calculate labour cost
- d. Demonstrate the ability to prepare a cost sheet.
- e. Prepare material related documents, understand the management of stores and issue procedures.

Syllabus:	
Module No. 1: Introduction to Cost Accounting	08

Introduction- Meaning and definition- Objectives, Importance and Uses of Cost Accounting, Difference between Cost Accounting and Financial Accounting; Various Elements of Cost and Classification of Cost; Cost object, Cost unit, Cost Centre; Cost reduction and Cost control. Limitations of Cost Accounting.

Module No. 2: Material Cost

12

Materials: Meaning, Importance and Types of Materials – Direct and Indirect Materials **Procurement**- Procedure for procurement of materials and documentation involved in materials accounting; **Material Storage**: Duties of Store keeper; **Pricing of material issues-Preparation** of Stores Ledger Account under FIFO, LIFO, Simple Average Price and Weighted Average Price Methods – Problems.

Materials control. - Technique of Inventory Control - Problems on Level Setting and EOQ.

Module No. 3: Labour Cost

08

Labour Cost: Meaning and Types of labour cost –**Attendance procedure**-Time keeping and Time booking and Payroll Procedure; Idle Time- Causes and Treatment of Normal and Abnormal Idle time, Over Time- Causes and Treatment (theory only). - **Labour Turnover**-Meaning, Reasons and Effects of labour turnover

Methods of Wage Payment: Time rate system and piece rate system, and the Incentive schemes - Halsey plan, Rowan plan and Taylor differential piece rate system -problems based on calculation of wages and earnings only.

Module No. 4: Overheads

14

Overheads: - Meaning and Classification of Overheads; Accounting and Control of Manufacturing Overheads: Collection, Allocation, Apportionment, Re-apportionment and Absorption of Manufacturing Overheads; Problems on Primary and Secondary overheads distribution using Reciprocal Service Methods (Repeated Distribution Method and Simultaneous Equation Method); **Absorption of Overheads:** Meaning and Methods of Absorption of Overheads (Concept only); Problems on calculation of Machine Hour Rate.

Module No. 5: Cost Sheet BBA - Regular

14

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Cost Sheet - Meaning and Cost heads in a Cost Sheet, Presentation of Cost Information in Cost Sheet. Problems on Cost Sheet, Tenders and Quotations.

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Mention the causes of labour turn over in manufacturing organisations.
- 2. Name any five documents used for material accounting
- 3. Prepare dummy Payroll with imaginary figures.
- 4. List out the various overhead items under Factory, administrative, Selling & distribution overheads (six items each).
- 5. Prepare a cost sheet with imaginary figures.

Books for Reference:

- 1. Jain, S.P. and K.L. Narang. Cost Accounting: Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers
- 2. Arora, M.N. Cost Accounting Principles and P r a c t i c e , Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Maheshwari, S.N. and S.N. Mittal. Cost Accounting: Theory and Problems. Shri Mahavir Book Depot, New Delhi.
- 4. Iyengar, S.P. Cost Accounting, Sultan Chand & Sons
- 5. Charles T. Horngren, Srikant M. Datar, Madhav V. Rajan, Cost Accounting: A Managerial Emphasis, Pearson Education.
- 6. Jawahar Lal, Cost Accounting., McGraw Hill Education
- 7. Madegowda J, Cost Accounting, HPH.
- 8. Rajiv Goel, Cost Accounting, International Book House
- 9. Mariyappa B Cost Accounting, HPH

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Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 3.2

Name of the Course: ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Tutorials, Role Plays and Case study method.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will:

- a) Demonstrate an understanding of the role of OB in business organization.
- b) Demonstrate an ability to understand individual and group behavior in an organization.
- c) Be able to explain the effectiveness of organizational change and development of organisation.
- d) Demonstrate an understanding of the process of organizational development and OD Interventions.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Organizational Behaviour and Foundations Of	16
Individual Behaviour	16

Organization Behaviour – Meaning, Definition of OB, Importance of OB, Foundations of OB. **Individual behaviour** - Personal Factors, Environmental Factors, organization systems and resources. **Personality**-Meaning, Determinants and Traits of Personality. **Perception**- Meaning, Factors influencing perception, Perceptual Process, Perceptual Errors.

Module No. 2: Group and Team Dynamics

10

Group Dynamics-Meaning, Types of Group, Development of Groups- Stages of Group Development, Determinants of Group Behaviour.

Team Dynamics- Meaning, Types of Teams: Conflict-sources of conflict and ways of resolving conflict.

Module No. 3: Change Management

8

Introduction to Change Management: Meaning of Change, Importance and Nature of Planned Change, Factors Influencing Change - Resistance to Change, Overcoming Resistance to Change.

Module No. 4: Organizational Development

12

Organizational Development: Meaning and Nature of Organizational Development (OD), Process of Organizational Development: Overview of Entering and Contracting, **Diagnosing**: Meaning of Diagnosing, Comprehensive Model for Diagnosing Organizational Systems (Organizational Level, Group Level and Individual Level).

Module No. 5: OD Interventions

10

Designing Effective OD Interventions: How to Design Effective Interventions, Overview of OD interventions - Human Process Interventions, Techno Structural Interventions, HRM Interventions and Strategic Change Interventions, Conditions for optimal success of OD.

Skill Developments Activities:

- Two cases on the above syllabus should be analyzed and recorded.
- Draw Blake and Mouton managerial grid
- List the Personality Traits of Successful Business Leaders.
- <u>List the</u> sources of conflict in organisations.

Books for References:

- 1. Fred Luthans, Organizational Behaviour. McGraw Hill
- 2. Robbins, Organizational Behaviour, International Book House.
- 3. John W. Newstrom and Kieth Davis, Organizational Behaviour, McGraw Hill.
- 4. K. Aswathappa, Organizational Behaviour, HPH.
- 5. Appanniah and, Management and Behavioural Process, HPH
- 6. Sharma R.K and Gupta S.K, Management and Behaviour Process, Kalyani Publishers.
- 7. Rekha and Vibha Organizational Behavioural, VBH.
- 8. P.G. Aquinas Organizational Behaviour, Excel Books.
- 9. M. Gangadhar. V.S.P.Rao and P.S.Narayan, Organizational Behaviour

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Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 3.3 Name of the Course: STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS **DECISIONS** Course **Total No. of Teaching Hours** No. of Hours per Week Credits 4 Credits 4 Hrs. 56 Hrs. Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Tutorials, and Problem Solving. Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able: To understand the basic concepts in statistics. To classify and construct statistical tables. To understand and construct various measures of central tendency, dispersion and skewness. • To apply correlation and regression for data analysis. Syllabus: Module No. 1: Introduction to Statistics 1 Introduction - Meaning, Functions and Uses of Statistics; Collection of Data -Techniques of Data Collection - Census Technique and Sampling Technique (Concepts). Classification: Meaning, and Methods of Classification of Data, Tabulation: Meaning, Parts of a Table - Simple problems on Tabulation; Diagrammatic Presentation: Bar Diagrams - Simple Bars, Multiple Bars, Percentage Sub-divided Bar Diagram; Two Dimensional Diagrams - Pie Diagram. 1 Module No. 2: Measures of Central Tendency 0 Measures of Central Tendency: Calculation of Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode for Individual, Discrete and Continuous Series – Problems; Empirical relation between Mean, Median and Mode. 1 Module No. 3: Measures of Dispersion and Skewness Measures of Dispersion: Absolute and Relative measures of dispersion - Standard Deviation in Individual, Discrete and Continuous Series - Problems Measures of Skewness: Calculation of Karl Pearson's Co-efficient of Skewness (Uni-modal) Problems. 1 Module No. 4: Correlation and Regression Analysis 4 Correlation Analysis - Meaning, Types of Correlation, Calculation of Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation, Computation of Probable Error, **Regression Analysis** - Concept of Regression, Regression equations- Problems. 0 Module No. 5: Time Series Analysis Meaning, Components, fitting a straight-line trend using Least Square Method (Problems

where $\Sigma X=0$ only), calculation and estimation of trend values.

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Preparation of Charts and Diagram
- 2. Preparation of Time Series Graph showing actual and trend values.
- 3. Preparation of blank tables mentioning the parts of the tables.
- 4. Calculation of Mode using histogram.

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Books for References: 1. S P Gupta: Statistical Methods- Sultan Chand 2. Dr. B N Gupta: Statistics, Sahithya Bhavan 3. S.C Gupta: Business Statistics, HPH N.V.R Naidu: Operation Research I.K. International Publishers 4. Elhance: Statistical Methods, Kitab Mahal 5. Sanchethi and Kapoor: Business Mathematics, Sultan Chand 6. 7. Veerachamy: Operation Research I.K. International Publishers S. Jayashankar: Quantitative Techniques for Management 8. 9. D.P Apte; Statistical Tools for Managers Chikkodi & Satya Prasad: Quantitative Analysis for Business Decision, HPH **10**. 11. Dr. Alice Mani: Quantitative Analysis for Business Decisions - I, SBH

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 3.5 a

Name of the Course: SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING (OEC)

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
3 Credits	3 Hrs.	42 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Tutorials, and Case study method.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

- Understand social media marketing goals for successful online campaigns.
- Analyze the effective social media marketing strategies for various types of industries and businesses.
- Design social media content and create strategies to optimize the content's reach to the target audience.
- Appraise the reach and track progress in achieving social media objectives with a variety of measurement tools and metrics.
- Design a suitable social media campaign for the business goals.

Syllabus:HoursModule No. 1: Social Media Introduction12

Introduction to social media, how to build a successful Social Media Strategy, Goal setting, Overview of Global E-Marketing Issues, Country and Market Opportunity Analysis, User engagement on social networks; Social advertising; Social, media analytics; Impact of online reputation; Social Technology and its marketing influence in India.

Module No. 2: Search Engine Optimization

10

Search Engine Optimisation (SEO) Introduction, Understanding SEO, User Insights, Benefits and Challenges, Content Marketing, Traditional Media v/s Social Media, Recent trends and challenges in Social Media marketing.

Module No.3: Facebook -Instagram Marketing

10

Exploring the use of a Facebook page, Facebook Ad campaign, Facebook groups, Hashtags, Instagram, creating automation for Instagram, Audience Insights, page Insights, exploring the various IG content types, setting a theme and flow on Instagram, and generating Leads.

Module No.4: YouTube Marketing

10

YouTube marketing, creating a YouTube channel, posting content, YouTube analytics, Google Pages for YouTube Channels, Video Flow, Verify Channel, Webmaster Tool – Adding Asset.

Skill Developments Activities:

- a) Prepare Facebook Page in your name.
- b) Open a YouTube channel.
- c) Create a blog and write an article on Climate change.
- d) Create a search engine optimization (SEO) dashboard.

- Annmarie Hanlon (2022), Digital Marketing Strategic Planning & Integration,2nd Edition, SAGE Publications Ltd.
- Matt Golden (2022), Social Media Marketing, 1st Edition, Bravex Publications.
- Simon Kingsnorth (2022), The Digital Marketing Handbook: Deliver Powerful Digital Campaigns, 1st Edition, Kogan Page.
- Melissa Barker, Donald I. Barker, Nicholas F. Bormann and Debra Zahay (2016), Social Media Marketing: A Strategic Approach, 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning.
- Tracy L. Tuten and Michael R. Solomon, (2016), Social Media Marketing, 2nd Edition,
 Sage Publications India Private Limited.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 3.5b

Name of the Course: BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE (OEC)

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
3 Credits	3 Hrs.	42 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Tutorials, and Case study method.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will demonstrate

- a) Identify the importance of Business correspondence
- b) Know the rights, duties and responsibilities of Directors.
- c) Analyse the legal & regulatory framework of corporate governance.
- d) Outline the importance and role of board committee.
- e) Understand the major expert committees' Reports on corporate governance.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Business Correspondence	10

Introduction, Meaning, Importance, Objective and Function of Business Correspondence; Essential Parts of Business Letters- Physical appearance- Meaning and aspects covered, Layout- Meaning and types, Structure- various parts of a business letter- specimen business letters.

Module No. 2: Kinds of Business letters 10

Principal Types of Business Letters- Enquiries& replies, Offers and Quotation, Orders and their execution, Claims, complaints & adjustments, Remittance letters, Sales letters, Follow-up Letters, Circular letters, Agency Letters, Status enquiries, Collection Letters.

Module No. 3: Bank Correspondence

Bank Correspondence: Types of Bank correspondence- Letter from customer to Banker (Letter for opening accounts, Request to stop payment, complaint on any issue, standing instruction, enquiry on dishonour of cheques, availability of safe custody facilities, Issue of letter of credit, loan against collateral); Banker's replies to the above.

Module No. 4: Business reports

10

12

Meaning of Report and Reporting, Importance of Business reports; Classification of Business reports- Based on nature and number of people entrusted with writing the report; Other types- Analytical, survey and feasibility reports; Market reports- Meaning, types, function, uses and essentials; Structure of Market report- Specimens of market reports; Characteristics of a good report.

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Draft a Quotation with imaginary content.
- 2. List out the various parts of Business Letter.
- 3. Draft a letter to bank manager related to any specific issue with the bank.
- 4. List out the characteristics of good report.

Books for reference

- 1. B S Raman; Commercial Correspondence, UP
- 2. Reddy, Appannaiah, Nagaraja, Rajarao- Essential of Business Correspondence, HPH

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 4.1 MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Tutorials, and Problem Solving.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will demonstrate:

- a) Explain the application of management accounting and various tool used
- b) Make inter firm and inter-period comparison of financial statements
- c) Analyse financial statements using various ratios for business decisions.
- d) Prepare fund flow and cash flow statements
- e) Prepare different types of budgets for the business.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Management Accounting	8

Introduction- Meaning and Definition – Objectives – Nature and Scope–Functions- Role of Management Accountant, Relationship between Financial Accounting and Management Accounting, Relationship between Cost Accounting and Management Accounting, advantages and limitations of Management, Technique of Management Accounting (Concept Only).

Module No. 2: Ratio Analysis

14

Introduction-Meaning and Definition of ratio, Meaning of Accounting ratio, and Ratio Analysis – Uses and Limitations –Classification of ratios- Liquidity ratios, Profitability ratios and Solvency ratios. Problems on conversion of financial statements into ratios and ratios into financial statements.

Module No. 3: Cash Flow Analysis

12

Meaning and Definition of Cash Flow Statement – Concept of Cash and Cash Equivalents - Uses of Cash Flow Statement – Limitations of Cash Flow Statement – Provisions of Ind.AS-7. Procedure for preparation of Cash Flow Statement – Cash Flow from Operating Activities – Cash Flow from Investing Activities and Cash Flow from Financing Activities – Preparation of Cash Flow Statement according to Ind. AS-7.

Module No. 4: Marginal Costing

10

Introduction-Meaning and definition of marginal cost, marginal costing, features of marginal costing- terms used in marginal costing – P/V ratio, BEP, Margin of Safety, Angle of Incidence and Break-Even Chart. Break Even Analysis- assumption and usesproblems.

Module No. 5: Budgetary Control

12

Meaning and Definition of Budget and Budgetary Control, objectives of budgetary control, advantages and limitations of budgetary control, essentials of effective budgeting, Types of budget-Functional budgets, Master Budget, Fixed and Flexible Budget, Problems on Flexible budget and Cash Budget.

Skill Developments Activities:

- a. Collect the financial statement of a company and calculate important ratios.
- b. Collect the annual report of a company and prepare a cash flow statement.
- c. Prepare a Break-even-chart with imaginary figures.
- d. Prepare a flexible budget using imaginary figures.
- e. Prepare a Cash budget using imaginary figures

- 1. Dr. S.N. Maheswari, Management Accounting, Mahavir Publications
- 2. T.S.Sexana, Advanced Cost and Management Accounting, Sultan Chand
- 3. Jain and Narang, Cost and Management Accounting, Kalyani Publisher.
- 4. Dr. S.N. Goyal and Manmohan, Management Accounting, S.N. Publications.
- 5. B.S. Raman, Management Accounting, United Publishers.
- 6. Sharma and Gupta, Management Accounting, Kalyani Publishers.
- 7. M N Arora, Accounting for Management, Himalaya Publisher
- 8. Jawahar Lal, Cost Accounting; McGraw-Hill Education (India)

Name of	the Program: Bachelor of Business	Administration (B	BBA)
	Course Code: BBA 4.2		
	Name of the Course: BUSINESS A	1	
Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week		Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56	Hrs.
Pedagogy: Classroon	n lectures, Tutorials, and Problem S	Solving.	
	n successful completion of the co	urse, the student	ts will able to:
	rpes of analytics and data models		
	ie role of data indecision making, s		
	yse data using different data analy		w inferences.
_	oplied statistics for business proble	ms.	
	visualization of data.		
Syllabus:			Hours
	oduction to Business Analytics		12
Intelligence, Meanin Business Analytics, T	Terminologies used in Analytics g, Importance, Scope, Uses of Bus ypes of Analytics: Descriptive, Diag of Business analytics, Introduction	siness Analytics, gnostics, Predict	Architecture of ive, Prescriptive,
	of Data in The Organization		10
Sources of data, Use	of Data in Decision making, Import	ance of data qua	lity, dealing with
Unstructured Data.	ete data, Types of Digital Data Data warehouse, Data mining, I hes of Data integration, Data profil	Data Integration	
Module No. 3: Tools	s Used for Data Analytics		11
	analytics software – Types of data	analytics softwa	re – open source
	R software): Installation of softwaren descriptive Statistics – Interpr		
Module No. 4: Datal	oase Orientation		12
Introduction to SQL, Constraints in SQL, Where clause, Order	Types of structures, DBMs, RDBM: Features of SQL, SQL Languages, DI DML Commands – Insert, Delete, by, Group by, DCL commands – (ave point. Aggregate Functions, Re	DL commands- C Update, Data Qı Grant, Revoke, T	reate, Add, Drop, uery Language – CL Commands –
Module No. 5: Data	Visualization Using Tableau (Pub	olic Version)	10
Introduction to Dime Line Chart, Bar Cha understanding in da	ensions and measures, Types of Cart, Area Chart, Scatter Chart, Bushboard and storyboard. (Explaine examples using tableau.)	harts, (Pie Char bble Chart, Sto	ck Chart), Basic
Skill Developments	Activities:		
<u> </u>	nap chart using Tableau.		
_	tive statistic using R software.		
	1 may a 1 1 a 2 2		

 $3. \ \ \, Execute DCL \ and \ TCL \ Command \ in \ SQL.$

4. List out the areas of application of Business analytics

- 1. Business Analytics: Text and Cases, Tanushri Banerjee, Arvindram Banerjee, Publisher: Sag
- 2. Business Analytics, U Dinesh Kumar, Publication: Wiley
- 3. Business Analytics, R. Evans James, Publisher: Pearson
- 4. Fundamental of Business Analytics, Seema Acharya R N Prasad, Publisher: Wiley
- **5.** Business Analytics: Data Analysis and Decision Making, Albright and Winstonpublished bearning.
- 6. Swain Scheps, Business Intelligence for Dummies.
- 7. Rick Sherman, Business Intelligence Guidebook: From Data Integration to Analytics
- 8. Cindi Howson. Successful Business Intelligence, Second Edition: Unlock the Value of BI &
- 9. Seema Acharya R N Prasad, Fundamentals of Business Analytics, 2ed, Wile

	Name of the	Program: Bachelor of Business A	dministration (BBA	A)	
	Name of the	Course Code: BBA 4.2 e Course: FINANCIAL MARKE	TS & SERVICES		
	Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of		
	4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56 Hrs		
	Pedagogy: Classroom	lectures and Tutorials			
	be able to:	On successful completion of the		ents will	
		te Overview of Indian financial sy te different types of financial insti		role.	
		oncept of financial services, types			
	d) Understand th	e different types of financial Insti	ruments and its fe	eatures.	
	e) Understand th	e different types of financial mar	ket and its role.		
_	Syllabus:			Hours	
		view of Indian Financial System		08	
		ncial System – Features, Constitu 1s; Financial Services; Financia			
		al Regulators (a brief profile of R		Filialicial	
	Module No. 2: Finan	cial Institutions		14	
		nancial Institutions; Banks – Mea	ning, Types of Ba		
		e Companies – Meaning, Typ			
		 Meaning, Types of NBFC's, Role bjectives; Asset Management Con al Funds. 			
	Module No. 3: Finan	cial Services		12	
	1	Meaning, Objectives, Functions,		• •	
		Merchant Banking – Functions ounting, Credit Card, Debit Card	_	_	
	_	Venture Capital & Credit Rating.	a, Loans and Ma	ivances	
	Module No. 4: Finan	cial Markets		12	
		on, Types of Financial Markets, F			
		onstituents of Financial Markets-	•	•	
	_	d Secondary Market, Methods of ck Exchange – Role and Function			
	Module No. 5: Finar	_		10	
		struments-Money Market Instru	ments-Commerc		
		romissory Notes, Bills of Exchang			
		et and Instruments- Equity Shares	s, Preference Shai	res,	
	Debenture/Bonds, P Skill Developments	-			
	_	of Private Banks in India			
	_	en of Bills of Exchange with imag	ginary content		
	_	of Fund Based and Fee Based Fin	•		
	4. Draft a Chart of	of Financial Markets.			

- 1. L.M. Bhole, Financial Institutions & Markets, McGraw Hill
- 2. Khan, M.Y, Indian Financial System, McGraw Hill
- **3.** Sharma, Meera, Management of Financial Institutions, Eastern Economy Edition
- **4.** Bhole and Mahakud, Financial Institutions and Markets Structure, Growth and Innovations, McGraw Hill
- 5. Guruswamy, S., Financial Services and System, McGraw Hill
- **6.** Edminister. R.O, Financial Institutions, Markets & Management, McGraw Hill
- 7. Khan. M.Y, Indian Financial System, Vikas Pub. House
- 8. H.R Machiraju, Indian Financial System, Vikas Pub. House
- 9. E.Gorden & K. Nataraj, Financial Markets and Services, HPH

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) Course Code: BBA 4.3 Name of the Course: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Total No. of Teaching **Course Credits** No. of Hours per Week Hours 4 Credits 4 Hrs. 56 Hrs. **Pedagogy:** Classroom lectures, Tutorials, and Problem Solving. Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able: To identify the goals of financial management. To apply the concepts of time value of money for financial decision making. To evaluate projects using capital budgeting techniques. To design optimum capital structure using EBIT and EPS analysis. To evaluate working capital effectiveness in an organization. Syllabus: Module No. 1: Introduction to Financial Management 12 Introduction - Meaning of Financial Management, Finance Functions, Organization structure of Finance Department; Goals of Financial Management, Financial Decisions-Types of Financial Decisions, Role of a Financial Manager; Financial Planning - Principles of Sound Financial Planning, Steps in Financial Planning, Factors influencing Financial Plan. Module No. 2: Time Value of Money 12 Meaning, Need, Future Value (Simple interest and compound interest); Present Value (Single Flow, series of cash flow, even and uneven Flow, Annuity and perpetuity); Doubling Period; Concept of Valuation -Valuation of Bonds, Debentures and Shares (Simple Problems) Module No. 3: Financing & Dividend Decisions Financing Decision: Sources of Long-term Finance - Meaning of Capital Structure, Factors influencing Capital Structure, Optimum Capital Structure - EBIT, EPS Analysis, Break-even level of EBIT (Problems), Leverages -Meaning, types, Problems. Dividend Decision: Meaning of Dividend, Types of Dividends, Determinants of Dividend, Bonus Shares (Meaning only), Dividend Policy – Meaning and types, Factors influencing dividend policy. Module No. 4: Investment Decision 12 Meaning, Scope, Features & Significance of Capital Budgeting, Techniques -Payback Period, Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return and Profitability Index (Problems) Module No. 5: Working Capital Management 12 Meaning and need for Working Capital, Components of Working Capital, Types of Working Capital, Problems of Excess or Inadequate Working Capital, Significance of Adequate Working Capital, Determinants of Working Capital, Sources of Working Capital, Estimation of Working Capital (Simple Problems) **Skill Developments Activities:** • Identify capital structure practices followed in any firm/company of your choice. • Collect the information on various types of bonds offered by government and record the same. Prepare a working capital statement using imaginary values. • Propare and hart showing Organization structure of Finance Department Page 50 of 56

- 1. I M Pandey, Financial Management. Vikas Publication.
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, TMH
- 3. S N Maheshwari, Financial Management, Sultan Chand
- 4. Khan and Jain, Financial Management, TMH
- 5. Dr. V Rajeshkumar and Nagaraju V, Financial management, MH India
- 6. Dr. Aswathanarayana.T ,Financial Management, VBH
- 7. K. Venkataramana, Financial Management, SHBP
- 8. G. Sudarshan Reddy, Financial Management, HPH
- 9. Sharma and Shashi Gupta, Financial Management, Kalyani Publication

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 4.5 a

Name of the Course: BUSINESS LEADERSHIP SKILLS (OEC)

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
3 Credits	3 Hrs.	42 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Tutorials, Case study Analysis, Group Discussions etc.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

- a) Understand the significance of leadership skills for effective people management.
- b) Increase the comprehension of leadership through various leadership theories.
- c) Analyse different leadership styles, types, patterns and functions.
- d) Demonstrate an understanding of various leadership approaches for effective management of people.
- e) Demonstrate an awareness of ethical leadership.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Business Leadership	08

Introduction to business leadership, Meaning of leadership, Evolution and growth of leadership; Functions and characteristics of leadership; Latest trends in business leadership.

Module No. 2: Leadership from Managerial Perspective

12

Leadership: Nature and Significance of leadership, Qualities of an effective leader, Personal Values and Ethical behaviour in leadership; Leader v/s Manager; Authority v/s Leadership; Formal v/s Informal leadership; Different roles of leaders; Different levels of leadership.

Leadership Skills: Communication Skills, Decision Making Skills, Emotional Management Skills, Public Relation Skills, Conflict Resolution Skills;

Module No. 3: Leadership -Theoretical Perspectives.

12

Great man theory, Trait theory, Behavioural leadership theory, Situational leadership theory, Transactional leadership theory, Transformational leadership theory, Blake and Mouton's Managerial Grid.

Module No. 4: Leadership Styles

10

Leadership styles: a) Autocratic leadership, b) Bureaucratic leadership, c) Democratic leadership, d) Laissez faire leadership e) Transformational Leadership, f) Charismatic Leadership - Features, merits and demerits of each leadership style.

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Collect information about the real time corporate leaders with different leadership styles & discuss them in the class room.
- 2. List the traits of an ethical leader.
- 3. List out the traits of an autocratic leader.
- 4. Analyze two cases related to leadership styles.
- 5. "What if?" This practical activity identifies how members of a team solve their problems differently?

Present the students with a workplace problem, and have each student participant,

write down what they would do to solve it. Then, have each participant read their response aloud. This can help the teacher to identify the types of leadership styles that are present among the student participants and thereby highlight and discuss them in the class.

- 1. Northouse, P. Leadership: Theory and Practice. Sage Publications.
- 2. Stephen, R. P. Organizational Behaviour Concepts, controversies and Applications. New Delhi: Printice Hall of India Ltd.
- 3. Subba Rao. Organizational Behaviour Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. Subba Rao Personnel and Human Resource Management Bangalore: Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Daloz Parks, S., Leadership can be taught: A Bold Approach for a Complex World, Boston: Harvard Business School Press.
- 6. Drucker Foundation (Ed.), Leading Beyond the Walls, San Francisco: Jossey Bass.
- 7. Al Gini and Ronald M. Green, Virtues of Outstanding Leaders: Leadership and Character, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 8. S Balasubramanian, The Art of Business Leadership Indian Experiences, Sage Publications

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 4.5 b (OEC)

Name of the Course: TOURISM MANAGEMENT

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
3 Credits	3 Hrs.	42 Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures and Tutorials

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will able to:

- a) Interpret and evaluate tourism as a phenomenon and as a business system.
- b) Explain the diverse nature of tourism, including culture and place, global/local perspectives, and experience design and provision.
- c) Understand the tourist resources and evaluate their potential.
- d) Promote Entrepreneurial activity in Tourism

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Tourism Industry	12

Tourism - Concept and Definition; Meaning of Traveler and Tourist; Classification of Tourism; Components of tourism; Origin, Growth and Development of Tourism, Types of Tourists - Visitor, Traveller and Excursionist (Meaning and differences); Mediators of Tourism, Changing Trends in Tourism; Careers in the Tourism Industry.

Module No. 2: Tourism Products

12

Tourism Products – Meaning, Characteristic of Tourism Product, Classification of Tourism Products, Natural, Man-Made, Symbiotic, Event Based, Site Based, and Others (Health, Eco tourism, Ethnic, Rural tourism, Spiritual tourism, Golf Tourism,

Module No. 3: Travel Formalities

12

Role and Importance of different Modes of Travel; Travel Formalities: Passport, Visa, Health Requirements, Taxes, Customs, Currency, Travel Insurance, Baggage and Airport Information, BIO Cards.

Module No. 4: Sustainable Tourism

08

Meaning and Definition of Sustainability; Dimensions of Sustainability - Social, Economic and Environmental; Importance of Sustainable Tourism; Principles of Sustainable Tourism; Challenges of implementing Sustainable Tourism.

Skill Developments Activities:

- 1. Prepare a chart showing different forms of tourism.
- 2. List out six tourist places of historical importance in Karnataka.
- 3. List out any 5 fairs and festivals of tourist attraction in India.
- 4. List out the documents required to obtain passport.
- 5. List out principles of sustainable tourism.

Books for References:

- 1. Tourism: Principles, Practices, Philosophies Charles Goeldner & Drent Ritchie
- 2. Tourism and Cultural Heritage of India Ram Acharya
- 3. Tourism Planning, Policies, Processes and Relationships Michael Hall
- 4. An Introduction to Hospitality Dennis Foster
- 5. Tourism Planning: An Integrated and Sustainable Development

Approach _ InskeepE, Van Nostrand Reinhold

- 6. Profiles of Indian Tourism Shalini Singh
- 7. Tourism Today Ratnadeep Singh
- 8. Dynamics of Tourism Pushpinder Gill
- 9. Hotels for Tourism Development Dr. Jagmohan Negi
- 10. The Competitive Destination A sustainable Tourism perspective Ritchie J R and Crouch I G.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Course Code: BBA 5.1 Name of the Course: Production and Operations

Management

Wanagement		
Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of Teaching hours
4 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies &field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students' will be able to

- a) Understand ever growing importance of Production and Operations Management in an uncertainbusiness environment.
- b) Gain an in-depth understanding of Plant Location and Layout
- c) Appreciate the unique challenges faced by firms in Inventory Management.
- d) Understand the subject of Production Planning and Control.
- e) Develop skills to operate competitively in the current business scenario.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No.1: Introduction to Production and Operations Management	12

Introduction -Meaning of Production and Operations, differences between Production and Operations Management, Scope of Production Management, Production System. Types of Production, Benefits of Production Management, Responsibility of a Production Manager, Decisions of Production Management. Operations Management: Concept and Functions.

Module No. 2: Plant Location and layout

10

Meaning and definition of Plant Location and Layout – Factors affecting location- Plant layout: Principles of plant layout- Space requirement – Different types of facilities – Organization of physical facilities – Building, Sanitation, Lighting and Ventilation, Air Conditioning and Safety.

Module No. 3: Production Planning and Control

12

Meaning and Definition, Characteristics, Objectives, Stages, Scope, and Factors affecting Production Planning and Control. Quality Management - Quality Concepts, Difference between Inspections, Quality Control, Quality Assurances. Total Quality Management- Meaning and Principles of TQM. Quality Control Charts- Meaning and Types of Charts.

Module No. 4: Inventory Management

12

Inventory Management – Concepts, Classification: Objectives: Factors Affecting Inventory Control Policy. Inventory handling principles and practice. Inventory Management Technique - EOQ Model, ABC Analysis.

Module 5: Maintenance and Waste Management

10

Introduction – Meaning – Objectives – Types of maintenance and their relative advantages, Maintenance Scheduling, Equipment reliability and Modern Scientific Methods of Maintenance. Waste Management- Meaning and Types of waste, meaning of waste management, methods of waste disposal; Salvage and recovery.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Visit any industry and list out the stages of its automation and artificial intelligence with as many details as possible.
- 2. List out the factors which are important while selecting a plant layout and draw a chart on Plant layout.
- 3. Draw quality control charts.
- 4. List out the Functions of Inventory Management in an organization.

- Ashwathappa K & Sridhar Bhatt: Production & Operations Management, HPH.
- Gondhalekar & Salunkhe: Productivity Techniques, HPH.
- SN Chary, Production & Operations Management, McGraw Hill.
- U. Kachru, Production & Operations Management, Excel Books.
- Alan Muhlemann, John Oaclank and Keith Lockyn, Production & Operations Management, PHI.
- K K Ahuja, Production Management, CBS Publishers.
- S.A. Chunawalla & Patel: Production & Operations Management, HPH.
- Everett E Adam Jr., and Ronald J Ebert, Production & Operations Management, Sage Publishing.
- Dr. L. N.Agarwal and Dr. K.C. Jain, Production Management.
- Thomas E. Morton, Production Operations Management, Southwestern College.

Name of The Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Course Code: BBA 5.2

Name of the Course: Income Tax – I

Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of Teaching hours
4 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies &field work etc..

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will beable to:

- a) Comprehend the procedure for computation of Total Income and tax liability of an individual.
- b) Understand the provisions for determining the residential status of an Individual.
- c) Comprehend the meaning of Salary, Perquisites, Profit in lieu of salary, allowances and various retirement benefits.
- d) Compute the income house property for different categories of house property.
- e) Comprehend TDS & advances tax Ruling and identify the various deductions under section 80.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module-1: Basic Concepts of Income Tax	08

Introduction – Meaning of tax-, types of taxes and cannons of taxation, Important definitions, assessment year, previous year including exceptions, assesses, person, income, casual income, Gross total income, Total income, Agricultural income, Tax Rates (Old and New Regimes). Exempted incomes of individuals under section 10.

Module-2: Assessment Procedure and Income Tax Authorities

08

Meaning of Assessment - Types of Assessment - Regular Assessment - Self Assessment - Best Judgement Assessment - Summary Assessment - Scrutiny Assessment - Income Escaping Assessment - Permanent Account Number - Meaning, Procedure for obtaining PAN and transactions were quoting of PAN is compulsory. Income Tax Authorities their Powers and functions. CBDT, CIT and AO.

Module- 3: Residential Status and Incidence of Tax

10

Introduction – Residential status of an individual. Determination of residential status of an individual. Incidence of tax or Scope of Total income. Problems on computation of Gross total Income of an individual (Deductions U/S 80 excluded)

Module-4: Income from Salary

18

Introduction - Meaning of Salary -Basis of charge Definitions—Salary, allowances, Perquisites, and profits in lieu of salary - Provident Fund - Retirement Benefits — Gratuity, pension and Leave salary. Deductions U/S 16 and Problems on Computation of Taxable Salary.

Module No.-5: Income from House Property

12

Introduction - Basis of charge - Deemed owners -House property incomes exempt from tax, Vacancy allowance and unrealized rent. Annual Value –Determination of Annual Value- Deductions U/S 24 from Net 0Annual Value - Problems on Computation of Income from House Property.

- 1. Prepare slab rates chart for different Individual assesses (Old Regime).
- 2. List out any 6 Incomes exempt from tax under section 10 of an Individual.
- 3. Draw an organization chart of Income Tax Authorities.
- 4. Prepare the chart of perquisites received by an employee in an organization.
- 5. Prepare the chart of Computation of Income under House Property.

- Mehrotra H.C and T.S.Goyal, Direct taxes, Sahithya Bhavan Publication, Agra.
- Vinod K. Singhania, Direct Taxes, Taxman Publication Private Ltd, New Delhi.
- Gaur and Narang, Law and practice of Income Tax, Kalyani Publications, Ludhiana.
- Bhagawathi Prasad, Direct Taxes.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Course Code: BBA 5.3

Name of the Course: Banking Law and Practice

Course Credits	No. of hours perweek	Total No. of Teaching hours
4 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Casestudies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Understand the legal aspects of banker and customer relationship.
- b) Open the different types of accounts.
- c) Describe the various operations of banks.
- d) Understand the different types of crossing of cheques and endorsement.
- e) Understanding of different types of E-payments.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Banker and Customer	16

- A) Banker and Customer Relationship: Introduction Meaning of Banker& Customer; General and Special relationships between Banker & Customer, (Rights and Obligationsof Banker & Customer).
- B) Customers and Account Holders: Types of Customer and Account Holders Procedure and Practice in opening and operating the accounts of different types of customers – Minor, Joint Account Holders, Partnership Firms, Joint Stock Companies,

Clubs. Non-Resident Account – NRI & NRE Accounts.

Module No. 2: Banking Operations.

08

Meaning – Duties and Responsibilities of Collecting Banker, Holder for Value, Holder in Due Course; Statutory Protection to Collecting Banker.

Module No. 3: Paving Banker

12

Meaning – Precautions – Statutory Protection to the Paying Banker; Cheques – Crossingof Cheques - Types of Crossing; Endorsements - Meaning, Essentials and Kinds of Endorsement; Dishonor of Cheque - Grounds for Dishonor of cheque.

Module No. 4: Lending Operations

12

Principles of Bank Lending, Kinds of lending - Loans, Cash Credit, Overdraft, Bills Discounting, Letters of Credit. Types of securities and Methods of creation of charge, Secured and Unsecured Advances; Procedure - Housing, Education and Vehicle loan's; Non-Performing Asset (NPA): Meaning, circumstances & impact; Government Regulations on Priority lending for commercial banks.

Module No. 5: Banking Innovations

8

New technology in Banking - E-services - plastic cards . Internet Banking, ATM basedservices, ECS, MICR, RTGS, NEFT, DEMAT, IMPS UPI, AADHAR enabled payment system, USSD, E-Valet and application based payment systems, Role of artificial intelligence in banks, Block Chain – Meaning and features.

- 1. Collect and paste pay in slip for SB A/c and Current a/c.
- 2. Draw a specimen of a crossed cheque.
- 3. List out different types of customers and collect KYC documents required for loan
- 4. List out various fee-based services offered by a bank in your locality
- 5. List out application-based payment systems provided by a commercial bank.

- Gordon & Natarajan: Banking Theory Law and Practice, HPH.
- Maheshwari. S.N.: Banking Law and Practice, Vikas Publication.
- Kothari N. M: Law and Practice of Banking.
- Tannan M.L: Banking Law and Practice in India, Indian Law House
- S. P Srivastava: Banking Theory & Practice, Anmol Publications.
- Sheldon H.P: Practice and Law of Banking.
- Neelam C Gulati: Principles of Banking Management.
- Dr. Alice Mani: Banking Law and Operation, SB.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Finance Elective Course Code: FN1

Name of the Course: Advanced Corporate Financial Management

Course Credits	No. of hours perweek	Total No. of Teaching hours
3 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies & field worketc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Understand and determine the overall cost of capital.
- b) Comprehend the different advanced capital budgeting techniques.
- c) Understand the importance of dividend decisions and dividend theories.
- d) Understand current asset management.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Cost of Capital	12

Cost of Capital: Meaning and Definition – Significance of Cost of Capital – Types of Capital – Computation of Cost of Capital – Specific Cost – Cost of Debt – Cost of Preference Share Capital – Cost of Equity Share Capital – Weighted Average Cost of Capital (Book Value and Market Value Weights) – Problems.

Module No. 2: Capital Structure Theories

08

The Net Income Approach, The Net Operating Income Approach, Traditional Approach and MM Hypothesis – Problems on all the approaches.

Module No. 3: Risk Analysis in Capital Budgeting

12

Meaning of Risk and Risk Analysis – Types of Risks – Risk and Uncertainty – Techniques of Measuring Risks – Risk adjusted Discount Rate Approach – Certainty Equivalent Approach – Probability Approach - Standard Deviation and Co-efficient of Variation- Theory and Problems. Sensitivity Analysis and Decision Tree Analysis (theory only).

Module No. 4: Management of Current Assets

14

Introduction – Significance of Current Assets – Meaning of Cash and Cash Management – Objectives, Motives of Holding Cash – Meaning and Definition of Receivables – Cost of Maintaining Receivables – Factors influencing the size of Receivables - Objectives of Receivables Management – Problems on Debtors Turnover Ratio, Average Collection Period, Creditors Turnover Ratio, Average Payment Period. Inventory Management – Meaning and Definition of Inventory – Elements of Inventory- Motives of holding the Inventory – Costs associated with Inventory – Techniques of Inventory Management (Concepts Only)

Module No. 5: Dividend Decision and Theories

10

Introduction - Dividend Decisions: Meaning - Types of Dividends - Types of Dividends Polices - Significance of Stable Dividend Policy - Determinants of Dividend Policy; Dividend Theories: Theories of Relevance - Walter's Model and Gordon's Model and Theory of Irrelevance - The Miller-Modigliani (MM) Hypothesis - Problems.

- 1. List any Six inventory techniques.
- 2. Compute the specific cost and weighted average cost of capital of an organization, with imaginary figures.
- 3. Prepare imaginary data relating to dividend policies practiced by any two companies.
- 4. Calculate the different ratios under receivable management using imaginary figures.
- 5. Compare Net Income Approach and Net Operating Income Approach.

- I M Pandey, Financial management, Vikas publications, New Delhi.
- Abrish Guptha, Financial management, Pearson.
- Khan & Jain, Basic Financial Management, TMH, New Delhi.
- S N Maheshwari, Principles of Financial Management, Sulthan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
- Chandra & Chandra D Bose, Fundamentals of Financial Management, PHI, New Delhi.
- Ravi M Kishore, Financial Management, Taxman Publications
- Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, Theory and Practice, Tata McGraw Hill.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Marketing Elective

Course Code: MK 1

Name of the Course: Consumer Behaviour and Market Research

Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of Teaching hours
3 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies &field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will beable to:

- a) Understanding of Consumer Behavior towards products, brands, and services.
- b) Establish the relevance of consumer behavior theories and conceptsto marketing decisions.
- c) Implement appropriate combinations of theories and concepts.
- d) Understanding of market research process
- e) Understanding of Data Analysis and reporting in market research.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module -1: Introduction to Consumer Behavior	12

Introduction to Consumer Behaviour - A managerial & consumer perspective; Need to study Consumer Behaviour; Applications of consumer behaviour knowledge; Models of Consumer Behaviour- Engel-Kollat-Blackwell (EKB) Model, Howard Sheth Model, Nicosia Model; consumer's decision-making process.

Module-2: Consumer Buying Behaviour

14

Individual determinants - Consumer needs & motivation; personality and self-concept; consumer perception; learning & memory; nature of consumer attitudes; consumer attitude formation and change. Environmental determinants- Cultural influences - Social class - Reference groups and family influences - Opinion leadership and the diffusion of innovations.

Module-3: Market Research

08

The nature of marketing research and its applications, types of Market Research - Exploratory, Descriptive and Causal; The Market Research process – Defining the problem, Developing the plan, Collection and Analysis of data, Findings and Conclusion.

Module-4: Data Collection

12

Types of Data- Primary and Secondary Data, Collecting data – Census and Sampling method.

Research Methods – Qualitative Research Method – Interview, Focus Group and Observations. Quantitative Research Methods – Survey and Experiment Tools for Data Collection- Questionnaire and Schedules – Difference between questionnaire and Schedules.

Module-5: Data Visualization, Analysis and Reporting

10

Data Visualisation using excel (bar diagram and pie chart). Preparation of Data Tables for Descriptive Statistics. Data analysis techniques - average, t-test, z-test, Chi-Square, and ANOVA (only meanings). Reports: Types of reports, Layout of reports.

- 1. Prepare a diagram showing anyone model of consumer behaviour.
- 2. Design a questionnaire to collect information on consumer satisfaction on a specific product of your choice
- 3. Prepare a market survey report with imaginary information.
- 4. Write a report on the marketing problem faced by an organization.
- 5. Prepare a chart showing the Diffusion of Innovation

- Leon. G. Schiffman & Leslve Lazer Kanuk; Consumer behaviour; 6thEdition; PHI, New Delhi, 2000.
- Suja.R.Nair, Consumer behaviour in Indian perspective, First Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2003.
- Batra/Kazmi; Consumer Behaviour.
- David. L. Loudon & Albert J. Bitta; Consumer Behaviour; 4th Edition, Mcgraw Hill, Inc; NewDelhi, 1993.
- K. Venkatramana, Consumer Behaviour, SHBP.
- Assael Henry; Consumer behaviour and marketing action; Asian Books(P)Ltd, Thomson learning,6th Edition; 2001.
- Jay D. Lindquist & M. Joseph Sirgy, Shopper, Buyer and ConsumerBehaviour, 2003.
- Blackwell; Consumer Behaviour, 2nd Edition.
- S.A.Chunawalla: Commentary on Consumer Behaviour, HPH.
- Sontakki; Consumer Behaviour, HPH.
- Schiffman; Consumer Behaviour, Pearson Education.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration

(BBA)Human Resource Elective

Course Code: HRM1

Name of the Course: Human Resource Development and Leadership

COURSE CREDITS	NO. OF HOURSPER WEEK	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING HOURS
3 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Casestudies & field worketc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Understand the need of HRD.
- b) Comprehend the framework of HRD.
- c) Understand the models for evaluating the HRD.
- d) Analyse different leadership styles, types, patterns and functions.
- e) Demonstrate an understanding of various leadership approaches for effective management of people.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module No. 1: Introduction to HRD	12

Introduction – Meaning and Definition of HRD, objectives of HRD, Need for HRD, Function of HRD – Development function, Maintenance Function, control function. HRD strategies, Roles & Responsibilities of HRD Manager, Qualities of HRD Manager

Module No. 2: Training and Development

14

Objectives, Assessing HRD needs, Difference between Training and Development, Method of training (on the job and off the job training), Training Process – Need Assessment, Deriving the instructional objectives, designing the training and development program, Implementation of the Training Program, Evaluation of Training Program. Obstacles to effective training.

Module No. 3: Evaluating HRD Program

10

Introduction – Models and Frame work of Evaluation, Purpose of HRD evaluation, Data Collection for HRD programs. Career Management & Development – defining career concept, stages of life and career development, process of career management, career development practices and activities, Issues in career development.

Module No. 4: Leadership from Managerial Perspective

10

Leadership: Nature and Significance of leadership, Qualities of an effective leader, Personal Values and Ethical behaviour in leadership; Leader v/s Manager; Authority v/s Leadership; Formal v/sInformal leadership; Different roles of leaders; Different levels of leadership. Leadership Skills.

Module No. 5: Leadership Theories and Styles

10

Leadership Theories – Great man Theory, Trait Theory, Situational Leadership Theory, Transactional Leadership, Transformational Leadership Theory, Blake and Mouton's Managerial Grid. Leadership styles: a) Autocratic leadership, b) Bureaucratic leadership, c) Democratic leadership, d) Laissez faire leadership e) Transformational Leadership, f) Charismatic Leadership - merits and demerits of each leadership style.

- 1. Prepare a training schedule for a company with imaginary details.2.List the role and responsibilities of HR trainer.
- 3 Draw managerial grid as given by Blake and Mouton.
- 4. List the possible challenges for career development for Women.
- 5. List out the traits of an autocratic leader.

- Werner & Desimone, Human Resource Development, Cengage Learning.
- William E. Blank, Handbook for Developing Competency Based Training Programmes, Prentice -Hall, New Jerse
- Uday Kumar Haldar, Human Resource Development, Oxford University Press.
- Srinivas Kandula, Strategic Human Resource Development, PHI Learning.
- Nadler, Leonard: Corporate Human Resource Development, Van Nostrand Reinhold, ASTD, New York.
- Rao, T.V and Pareek, Udai: Designing and Managing Human Resource Systems, Oxford IBH Pub.Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- Rao, T.V: Readings in HRD, Oxford IBH Pub. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- Viramani, B.R and Seth, Parmila: Evaluating Management Development, Vision Books, New Delhi.
- Drucker Foundation (Ed.), Leading Beyond the Walls, San Francisco: Jossey Bass. 10. Al Gini and Ronald M. Green, Virtues of Outstanding Leaders: Leadership and Character, John Wiley & SonsInc.
- S Balasubramanian, The Art of Business Leadership Indian Experiences, Sage Publications.
- Gary Yukl and Nishant Uppal, Leadership in Organisation, Eight Edition, Pearson Publication.
- 13. Andrew Durbin, Leadership-Research findings, practice and skills, biztantra

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Business Data Analytics Elective

Course Code: BDA 1
Name of the Course: Financial Analytics

Course Credits	No. of hours perweek	Total No. of Teaching hours
3 credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies & fieldworketc.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion student will demonstrate:

- a) Analyze and model financial data.
- b) Access the different open-source domains.
- c) Evaluate and build model on time series data.
- d) Execute the statistical analysis using python.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Financial Analytics	08

Introduction: Meaning-Importance of Financial Analytics Uses-Features-Documents used in Financial Analytics: Time value of money – Discounted and Non-discounted (computation using Excel).

Module No. 2: Access to Financial Data Using Latest Technology

10

Public domain data base (RBI, BSE, NSE, Google finance), Prowess, downloading data from NSE and Yahoo finance. IMF and World Bank data base, Kaggle, Bloomberg, FINTECH companies (ROBO, ALGO trade).

Module No. 3: Introduction to Time Series Modeling

12

Meaning of Data- types of data- time series, panel, cross sectional-components of Time series data. Simple time series concepts – moving average, exponential moving, WMA (Theory and Practices), data - differencing, logarithm, lagging, stationary v/s nonstationary data (detailed explanation with examples) computing return series data (simple returns and logarithmreturns) (using Excel).

Module No. 4: Introduction to Python

12

Installation of Python, types of data and structures, basic analysis using NUMPY and PANDAs (financial examples), and data preparation for time series data.

Module No. 5: Python for Finance

14

Descriptive statistics, Time series graphs in Python, understanding between correlation and covariance, basics of regression and its assumptions, Stationary and non-stationary data, basics of Time series using Python. Credit default using binary logistic regression.

- 1. Explain the Different types of trends in time series data.
- 2. Explain the assumptions of regressions.
- 3. List out public domain database.
- 4. List out recent FINTECH companies.

- Python for finance: Yves hil pisces
- Hands on Data analysis with Pandas: Stefanie molin.
- Hands on Python for finance, Krish Naik, Packt
- Python For Finance, Yuxing Yan, Packt
- Mastering Python for Finance, James Ma Weiming, Pack Publishing
- Financial Reporting and Financial Statement Analysis, M Hanif, A Mukherjee, McGraw Hill
- Haskell Financial Data Modelling and Predictive Analytics, Pavel Ryzhov, PACKT

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (B B A)Logistics And Supply Chain Management Elective Course Code: BBA SCM 1

Name of the Course: Fundamentals of Supply Chain Management

Course credits	No. of hours per week	Total no. Of teaching hours
Credits		
3 credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Case studies, Group discussion, Seminar & field work etc.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- a) Understand the fundamentals of Logistics and Supply Chain Management
- b) Comprehend the relationship between competitive strategies and supply chain strategies
- c) Analyse the latest trends and challenges in the field of Logistics and Supply chain management
- d) Understand the best practices in SCM

SYLLABUS:	HOUR
	S
Module: 1 Introduction to Supply Chain Management:	14

Concept of Supply Chain and Supply Chain Management, Importance of SCM, Focus areas in Supply Chain Management, Functions of SCM, Decision phases in Supply chain Management, Process view of Supply Chain - Cycle view and push-pull view, Drivers of SCM, Enablers in Supply Chain Management, Concepts of Integrated supply chains, Autonomous Supply Chain. Supply chain model and Value chain model; Supply Chain trends and challenges in India

Module: 2 Introduction to Logistics Management:

12

Meaning of logistics and Logistics Management, Logistics management and Supply Chain management, Elements of Logistic Management, Types of Logistics; Seven R's of Logistics; Key Players in Logistics; Benefits of Logistics; Role of Logistics in Supply Chain; Role of Government in Logistics.

Module: 3 Demand Management in Supply Chain

10

Concept of demand in SCM, Types of demand, Role of demand forecasting in supply chain, Forecasting methods, Basic approach to Demand Forecasting; Collaborative planning, forecasting and replenishment (CPFR), Aggregate Planning in a Supply Chain, CODP(Customer order decoupling point) – Concepts only

Module: 4 Operations management in Supply chain

10

Role of production in Business; Concepts of Mass production, Lean manufacturing, Agile manufacturing, Quick Response manufacturing; Differences between Mass production and Lean production;

Key concepts in Lean manufacturing, Basic elements of Lean manufacturing, Benefits of Lean manufacturing (case study Toyota Production System) Lean manufacturing and Supply chain management.

Module: 5 Strategic Fit in Supply Chain Management

10

Competitive Strategies and Supply chain Strategies- Strategic Fit between competitive strategy and supply chain strategy, Steps in achieving strategic fit, Obstacles to achieving Strategic Fit.

- 1. Draw a flow chart showing the basic supply chain and extended supply chain for a FMCG Company
- 2. Draw a chart showing the Cycle view of supply chain
- 3. Discuss the case of the Dabba walas of Mumbai and their supply chain success story
- 4. Study the Toyota Production system and highlight their special SCM practices.
- 5. Discuss the risks in the management of the supply chain.

- Sunil Chopra & Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management-Strategy, Planning and Operation, PHI
- R.B. Handfield and E.L. Nichols, Jr. Introduction to Supply Chain Management. Prentice Hall, 1999.
- Dr.R.P. Mohanty & Dr.S.G. Deshmukh, Essentials of Supply Chain Management, Jaico Publishing Hou
- D.K. Agarwal, Supply Chain Management- Strategy, Cases and Best Practices, Cengage
- DavidSimchi-Levi,PhilipKamiusky,EdithSimchi-Levi,Designing&ManagingtheSupplyChain,McGrawHill
- Rahul V Altekar, Supply Chain Management-Concepts and Cases, PHI
- Sridhara Bhat, Supply Chain Management, HPH
- Milind M Oka, Supply Chain Management, Everest Publishing House.
- Donald. J. Bowersox & Donald. J. Closs, Logistical Management-The integrated Supply Chain Process, TATA Mc-Graw Hill

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 5.6(A) Vocational

Name of the Course: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FOR BUSINESS

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56
		Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom's lecture, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion Student will demonstrate;

- a) Understand the fundamentals of information technology
- b) Understand usage of information science in business.
- c) Learn core concepts of Database Management systems
- d) Understanding the usage of MS Excel in Business.
- e) Awareness about latest trends in IT.

Syllabus	Hour
	S
Module No. 1: Information Technology and Information System	10

Introduction to IT, Introduction to IS, Difference be IS and IT, Need for Information System, Information Systems in the Enterprise, Impact of Information Technology on Business (Business Data Processing, Intra and Inter Organizational communication using network technology, Business process and Knowledge process outsourcing), Managers and Activities IIS, Importance of Information systems in decision making and strategy building, Information systems and subsystems.

Module No. 2: Subsystems of Information System

12

Transaction Processing Systems (TPS), Management Information System (MIS), DecisionSupport Systems (DSS), Group Decision Support System (GDSS), Executive Information System (EIS), Expert System (ES), Features, Process, advantages and Disadvantages, Role of these systems in Decision making process.

Module No. 3: Database Management System

14

Introduction to Data and Information, Database, Types of Database models, Introduction to DBMS, Difference between file management systems and DBMS, Advantages and Disadvantages of DBMS, Data warehousing, Data mining, Application of DBMS, Introduction to MS Access, Create Database, Create Table, Adding Data, Forms in MS Access, Reports in MS Access.

Module No. 4: Microsoft Excel in Business

14

Introduction to MS Excel, features of MS Excel, Cell reference, Format cells, Data Validation, Protecting Sheets, Data Analysis in Excel: Sort, Filter, Conditional Formatting, Preparing Charts, Pivot Table, What if Analysis(Goal Seek, Scenario manager), Financial

Functions: NPV, PMT, PV,FV, Rate, IRR, DB,SLN,SYD. **Logical Functions**: IF, AND, OR, Lookup Functions: V Lookup, H Lookup, Mathematical Functions, and Text Functions.

Module No. 5: Recent Trends in IT

05

Virtualization, Cloud computing, Grid Computing, Internet of Things, Green Marketing, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning.

- 1. Steps in Creating Database Tables, Forms and Reports in MS Access.
- 2. Steps in Creating different types of charts in MS Excel
- 3. Steps in Creating What if analysis in Excel
- 4. Steps in summarizing data using Pivot Table
- 5. Steps to create V Lookup and H Lookup functions
- 6. List the financial functions with syntax and examples.
- 7. Steps in validating Data in Ms Excel
- 8. Steps in creating Conditional Formatting in Excel.

- Lauaon Kenneth & Landon Jane, "Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital firm", Eighth edition, PHI, 2004.
- Uma G. Gupta, "Management Information Systems A Management Prespective", Galgotia publications Pvt., Ltd., 1998.
- Louis Rosenfel and Peter Morville, "Information Architecture for the World wide Web", O'Reilly Associates, 2002.
- C. S. V. Murthy: Management Information Systems, HPH
- Steven Alter, "Information Systems A Management Perspective", Pearson Education, 2001.
- Uma Gupta, "Information Systems Success in 21st Century", Prentice Hall of India, 2000.
- Robert G. Murdick, Joel E. Ross and James R. Claggett, "Information Systems for ModernManagement", PHI, 1994.
- Introduction to Database Systems, CJ Date, Pearson
- Database Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TATA McGrawHill3rd Edition.
- The Database Systems The Complete Book, H G Molina, J D Ullman, J WidomPearson
- Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
- Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education
- Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date Pearson Education
- Microsoft Access 2013 Step by Step by Cox, Joyce, Lambert, Joan.
- Excel 2019 All-In-One: Master the new features of Excel 2019 / Office 365 (EnglishEdition)by Lokesh Lalwani
- Microsoft Excel 2016 Data Analysis and Business Modeling by Wayne L. Winston(Author)

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Course Code: BBA 5.6 (B) Vocational Name of the Course: Digital Marketing

Course	No. of Hours per	Total No. of Teaching Hours
Credits	Week	
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56
		Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classrooms lecture, Case studies, Tutorial Classes, Group discussions, Seminar & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students' will be able to

- a) Gain knowledge on Digital Marketing, Email marketing and Content marketing.
- b) Understand Search Engine Optimization tools and techniques
- c) Gain skills on creation of Google AdWords & Google AdSense
- d) Gain knowledge on Social Media Marketing and Web Analytics.
- e) Gain knowledge on YouTube Advertising & Conversions.

Syllabus:	
Module No. 1: Introduction to Digital Marketing	12

Introduction - Meaning of Digital Marketing, Need for Digital Marketing, Digital Marketing Platforms. Digital Marketing students, professional and Business Email Marketing :Importance of e-mail marketing, e-mail Marketing platforms, Creating e-mailers, Creating a Contact Management and Segmentation Strategy, Understanding e-mail Deliverability & Tracking e-mails, How to create Effective & Unique e-mail Content, Outlining the Design of Your Marketing e-mails, Open rates and CTR of e-mail, Drive leads from e-mail, What are opt-in lists, Develop Relationships with Lead Nurturing & Automation Content Marketing: Understanding Content Marketing, Generating Content Ideas, Planning a Long-Term Content Strategy, Building a Content Creation Framework, Becoming an Effective Writer, Extending the Value of Your Content through Repurposing, How to Effectively Promote Content, Measuring and Analyzing Your Content.

Module No. 2: Search Engine Optimization (SEO)

Module No. 3. Google AdWords & Google AdSense

10

12

Search Engine Optimization (SEO):Meaning of SEO, Importance and Its Growth in recent years, Ecosystem of a search Engine, kinds of traffic, Keyword Research & Analysis (Free and Paid tool & Extension), Recent Google Updates & How Google Algorithms works On Page Optimization (OPO), Off-Page Optimization Misc SEO Tools: Google Webmaster Tools, Site Map Creators, Browser-based analysis tools, Page Rank tools, Pinging & indexing tools, Dead links identification tools, Open site explorer, Domain information/who is tools, Quick sprout, Google My Business.

module 110.5. Google Ha Words & Google Hubelise	

Google AdWords: Google Ad-Words Fundamentals, Google AdWords Account Structure, Key terminologies in Google AdWords, How to Create an AdWords account, Different Types of AdWords and its Campaign & Ads creation process, Ad approval process, Keyword Match types , Keyword targeting & selection (Keyword planner), Display Planner, Different types of extensions , Creating location extensions, Creating call extensions, Create Review extensions, Bidding techniques – Manual / Auto , Demographic Targeting / Bidding, CPC-based, CPA based & CPM-based accounts., Google Analytics Individual Qualification (GAIQ).

Google AdSense: Understanding ad networks and AdSense's limitations, Learning which situations are best for using AdSense, Setting up an AdSense account, Creating new ad units, Displaying ads on a website, Configuring channels and ad styles, Allowing and blocking ads, Reviewing the AdSense dashboard, Running AdSense reports and custom reports, Exporting data, Reviewing payee and account settings.

Module No. 4: Social Media Marketing (SMM) & Web Analytics

12

Social Media Marketing (SMM) Facebook Marketing, Twitter Marketing, LinkedIn Marketing, Google plus Marketing, YouTube Marketing, Pinterest Marketing, Snapchat Marketing, Instagram Marketing, Social Media Automation Tools, Social Media Ad Specs The ROI in Social Media Marketing, Tools and Dashboards, Reputation management Web Analytics: The need & importance of Web Analytics, Introducing Google Analytics, The Google Analytics layout, Basic Reporting, Basic Campaign and Conversion Tracking, Google Tag Manager, Social Media Analytics, Social CRM & Analytics, Other Web

analytics tools, Making better decisions, Common mistakes analysts make.

Module No. 5: YouTube Advertising (Video Ads) & Conversions

10

YouTube Advertising (Video Ads): YouTube advertising? ,Why should one advertise on YouTube? , Creating YouTube campaigns, Choose the audience for video ads, Instream ads, In video ads, In-search ads, In-display ads, Measuring your YouTube ad performance, Drive leads and sales from YouTube ads Conversions: Understanding Conversion Tracking, Types of Conversions, Setting up Conversion Tracking, Optimizing Conversions, Track offline conversions, Analyzing conversion data, Conversion optimizer.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Explain the key digital marketing activities needed for competitive success.
- 2. Examine the concept of Digital Media and benefits to be derived.
- 3. Recognise the core features of CRM and retention programmes
- 4. Identify the metrics used in digital marketing.
- 5. Organise how we can limit the marketing materials we get through e-mail.

- Understanding DIGITAL Marketing, Marketing strategies for engaging the digital generationDamian Ryan & Calvin Jones
- The Art of Digital Marketing: The Definitive Guide to Creating Strategic by Ian Dodson
- Internet Marketing: a practical approach By Alan Charlesworth
- Social Media Marketing: A Strategic Approach By Melissa Barker, Donald I. Barker, Nicholas
- F. Bormann, Krista E Neher

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA.)

Course Code: BBA. 6.1

Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of teaching hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56
		Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Case studies, Tutorial classes, Group discussion, Seminar &field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- a) Comprehend the laws relating to Contracts and its application in business activities.
- b) Comprehend the rules for Sale of Goods and rights and duties of a buyer and a Seller.
- c) Understand the importance of Negotiable Instrument Act and its provisions relating to Cheque and other Negotiable Instruments.
- d) Understand the significance of Consumer Protection Act and its features
- e) Understand the need for Environment Protection.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Indian Contract Act, 1872	16

Introduction – Definition of Contract, Essentials of Valid Contract, Offer and acceptance, consideration, contractual capacity, free consent. Classification of Contract, Discharge of acontract, Breach of Contract and Remedies to Breach of Contract.

Module No. 2: The Sale of Goods Act, 1930

12

Introduction - Definition of Contract of Sale, Essentials of Contract of Sale, Conditions and Warranties, Transfer of ownership in goods including sale by a non-owner and exceptions. Performance of contract of sale - Unpaid seller, rights of an unpaid seller against the goods and against the buyer.

Module No. 3: Negotiable Instruments Act 1881

12

Introduction – Meaning and Definition of Negotiable Instruments – Characteristics of Negotiable Instruments – Kinds of Negotiable Instruments – Promissory Note, Bills of Exchange and Cheques (Meaning, Characteristics and types) – Parties to Negotiable Instruments – Dishonour of Negotiable Instruments – Notice of dishonour – Noting and Protesting.

Module No. 4: Consumer Protection Act 1986

08

Definitions of the terms – Consumer, Consumer Dispute, Defect, Deficiency, Unfair Trade Practices, and Services, Rights of Consumer under the Act, Consumer Redressal Agencies – District Forum, State Commission and National Commission.

Module No. 5: Environment Protection Act 1986

08

Introduction - Objectives of the Act, Definitions of Important Terms - Environment, Environment Pollutant, Environment Pollution, Hazardous Substance and Occupier, Types of Pollution, Powers of Central Government to protect Environment in India.

- 1. Explain the case of "Carlill vs Carbolic Smoke Ball Company" case
- 2. Explain the case of "Mohori Bibee v/s Dharmodas Ghose".
- 3. Briefly narrate any one case law relating to minor.
- 4. List at least 5 items which can be categorized as 'hazardous substance' according to Environment Protection Act.
- 5. List out any six cybercrimes.

Cases: The relevant legal point, facts and the judicial decision relating to the following 10 case laws areto be specifically dealt with –

- 1. Balfour Vs Balfour
- 2. Carlill Vs Carbolic Smoke Ball Company
- 3. Felthouse Vs Bindley
- 4. Lalman Shukla Vs. Gauridutt
- 5. Durgaprasad Vs Baldeo
- 6. Chinnayya Vs Ramayya
- 7. Mohiribibi Vs. Dharmodas Ghosh
- 8. Ranganayakamma Vs Alvar Chetty
- 9. Hadley Vs Baxendale

- M.C. Kuchhal, and Vivek Kuchhal, Business Law, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Avtar Singh, Business Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- Ravinder Kumar, Legal Aspects of Business, Cengage Learning
- SN Maheshwari and SK Maheshwari, Business Law, National PublishingHouse,New Delhi.
- Aggarwal S K, Business Law, Galgotia Publishers Company, New Delhi
- Bhushan Kumar Goyal and Jain Kinneri, Business Laws, InternationalBookHouse
- Sushma Arora, Business Laws, Taxmann Publications.
- Akhileshwar Pathak, Legal Aspects of Business, McGraw Hill Education, 6thEd.
- P C Tulsian and Bharat Tulsian, Business Law, McGraw Hill Education
- Sharma, J.P. and Sunaina Kanojia, Business Laws, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi
- K. Rama Rao and Ravi S.P., Business Regulatory Framework., HPH
- N.D. Kapoor, Business Laws, Sultan Chand Publications
- K. Aswathappa, Business Laws, HPH,
- Information Technology Act/Rules 2000, Taxmann Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Chanda.P.R, Business Laws, Galgotia Publishing Company

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration

(BBA)Course Code: BBA 6.2

Name of the Course: Income Tax – II

Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of Teaching hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56
		Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will:

- a) Understand the procedure for computation of income from business and other Profession.
- b) Ability to compute capital gains.
- c) Compute the income from other sources.
- d) Demonstrate the computation of total income of an Individual.
- e) Comprehend the assessment procedure and to know the power of income tax authorities.

Syllabus:	Hour
	S
Module No. 1: Profits and Gains of Business and Profession	18

Introduction-Meaning and definition of Business, Profession and Vocation. - Expenses Expressly allowed - Expenses Expressly Disallowed - Allowable losses - Expressly disallowed expenses and losses, Expenses allowed on payment basis. Problems on computation of income from business of a sole trading concern - Problems on computation of income from profession: Medical Practitioner - Advocate and Chartered Accountants.

Module No. 2: Capital Gains

10

Introduction - Basis for charge - Capital Assets - Types of capital assets - Transfer - Computation of capital gains - Short term capital gain and Long term capital gain - Exemptions under section 54, 54B, 54EC, 54D and 54F. Problems covering the above sections.

Module No. 3: Income from other Sources

10

Introduction - Incomes taxable under Head income other sources - Securities - Types of Securities - Rules for Grossing up. Ex-interest and cum-interest securities. Bond Washing Transactions - Computation of Income from other Sources.

Module No. 4: Set Off and Carry Forward of Losses & Assessment of individuals.

10

Introduction – Provisions of Set off and Carry Forward of Losses (Theory only) Computation of Total Income and tax liability of an Individual.

Module No. 5: Assessment Procedure and Income Tax Authorities

08

Introduction - Due date of filing returns, Filing of returns by different assesses, E-filing of returns, Types of Assessment, Permanent Account Number -Meaning, Procedure for obtaining PAN and transactions were quoting of PAN is compulsory. Income Tax Authorities their Powers and duties.

- 1. Mention the procedure involved in the computation of income from profession.
- 2. List out the different types of capital assets and identify the procedure involved in the computation of tax for the same.
- 3. List out the steps involved in the computation of income tax from other sources and critically examine the same.
- 4. List any six deductions available under section 80.
- 5. Prepare a format for the computation of taxable income and tax liability of an individual assessee.

- Mehrotra H.C and T.S.Goyal, Direct taxes, Sahithya Bhavan Publication, Agra.
- Vinod K. Singhania, Direct Taxes, Taxman Publication Private Ltd, New Delhi
- Gaur and Narang, Law and practice of Income Tax, Kalyani Publication, Ludhiana.
- Bhagawathi Prasad, Direct Taxes.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Course Code: BBA 6.3

Name of the Course: International Business

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4	56
	Hrs.	Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Understand the concept of International Business.
- b) Differentiate the Internal and External International Business Environment.
- c) Understand the difference between MNC and TNC
- d) Understand the role of International Organisations in International Business.
- e) Understand International Operations Management.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to International Business	12

Introduction- Meaning and definition of international business, need and importance of international business, stages of internationalization, tariffs and non-tariff barriers to international business.

Mode of entry into international business - exporting (direct and indirect), licensing and franchising, contract manufacturing, turnkey projects, management contracts, wholly owned manufacturing facility, Assembly operations, Joint Ventures, Third country location, Mergers and Acquisition, Strategic alliance, Counter Trade; Foreign investments.

Module No. 2: International Business Environment

12

Overview, Internal and External environment - Economic environment, Political environment, Demographic environment, Social and Cultural environment, Technological and Natural environment.

Module No.3: Globalization

12

Meaning, features, essential conditions favoring globalization, challenges to globalization, MNCs, TNCs - Meaning, features, merits and demerits; Technology transfer - meaning and issues in technology transfer.

Module No.4: Organizations Supporting International Business

10

Meaning, Objectives and functions of - IMF, WTO, GATT, GATS, TRIM, TRIP; and RegionalIntegration- EU, NAFTA, SAARC, BRICS.

Module No.5: International Operations Management

10

Global Supply Chain Management- Global sourcing, Global manufacturing strategies, International Logistics, International HRM - Staffing policy and it's determinants; Expatriation and Repatriation (Meaning only).

- 1. Prepare a chart showing the currencies of different countries.
- 2. Analyse the SWOT analysis impact of external factors only on International Business
- 3. Prepare a chart showing the modes of entry into global business.
- 4. List any 10 Indian MNCs along with their products or services offered.
- 5. Visit the website of IMF, WTO, and SAARC and prepare an organization structure.

- Rakesh Mohan Joshi. (2011). International Business, Oxford University Press, NewDelhi.
- Francis Cherunilam; International Business, Prentice Hall of India
- P. SubbaRao International Business HPH
- Sumati Varma. (2013). International Business (1st edi), Pearson.
- Charles Hill. (2011). International Business: Text & Cases, Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi.
- International Business by Daniel and Radebaugh –Pearson Education.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration

(BBA)Finance Elective

Course Code: FN2

Name of the Course: Security Analysis and Portfolio

Management

Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of teaching hours
3 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Case studies, Tutorial classes, Group discussion, Seminar & field work etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Understand the concept of basics of Investment.
- b) Evaluate the different types of investment alternatives.
- c) Evaluate portfolio and portfolio management.
- d) Understand the concept of risk and returns.
- e) Understand fundamental and technical analysis.

Syllabus:	Hrs.
Module No. 1: Introduction to Investments	12

Introduction- Investment process, Criteria for Investment, types of Investors, Investment, Speculation and Gambling. Elements of Investment, Investment Avenues, Factors influencing selection of investment alternatives.

Security Market- Introduction, functions, Secondary Market Operations. Stock Exchanges in India, Security Exchange Board of India, Government Securities Market, Corporate Debt Marketand Money Market Instruments.

Module No. 2: Risk-Return Relationship

08

Meaning of risk, types off risk, measuring risk, risk preference of investors. Meaning of return, measures of return, holding period of return, Annualized return, expected return, investors attitude towards risk and return.

Module No. 3: Fundamental Analysis

10

Introduction- Investment Analysis, Fundamental Analysis, Macro Economic Analysis, Industry Analysis, Company Analysis, Trend Analysis, and Ratio Analysis.

Module No. 4: Technical Analysis

12

Meaning of Technical Analysis, Fundamental vs Technical Analysis, Charting techniques, Technical Indicators, Testing Technical Trading Rules and Evaluation of Technical Analysis.

Module No. 5: Portfolio Management

14

Framework-Portfolio Analysis – Selection and Evaluation – Meaning of portfolio – Reasons to hold portfolio – Diversification analysis – Markowitz's Model – Assumptions –Specific model – Risk and return optimization – Efficient frontier – Efficient portfolios –Leveraged portfolios – Corner portfolios – Sharpe's Single Index model – Portfolio-evaluation measures – Sharpe's Performance Index – Treynor's Performance Index – Jensen's Performance Index.

Skill Development

- 1. Identify the key differences between the Government Securities Market and the Corporate Debt Market.
- 2. Explain the difference between systematic and unsystematic risk and give examples for each risk.
- 3. Draw a structure of fundamental analysis.
- 4. Draw and explain three basic types of chart patterns used in technical analysis.
- 5. Explain the assumptions and conclusions of the Markowitz's Portfolio Theory.

- A. Brahmiah & P. Subba Rao, Financial Futures and Options, HPH.
- Singh Preeti, Investment Management, HPHG
- Alexander Fundamental of Investments, Pearson Ed.
- Hangen: Modern Investment theory. Pearson Ed.
- Kahn: Technical Analysis Plain and sample Pearson Ed.
- Ranganthan: Investment Analysis and Port folio Management.
- Chandra Prasanna: Managing Investment Tata Mc Gram Hill.
- Alexander, shampe and Bailey Fundamentals of Investments Prentice Hall of India
- Newyork Institute of Finance How the Bond Market work PHI.
- Mayo Investment Thomason hearning

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration

(BBA)Marketing Elective Course Code: MK 2

Name of the Course: Advertising and Media Management

Course Credits	No. of hours per week	Total No. of teaching hours
3 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies & fieldwork etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a) Understand the nature, role, and importance of IMC in marketing strategy
- b) Understand effective design and implementation of advertising strategies
- c) Present a general understanding of content, structure, and appeal of advertisements
- d) Understand ethical challenges related to responsible advertising and brand strategy management.
- e) Evaluate the effectiveness of advertising and agencies role.

Syllabus:	
Module -1: Introduction to Integrated MarketingCommunication	10

Integrated marketing communication, AIDA Model, Setting goals and objectives, concept of DAGMAR in setting objectives, elements of IMC; Ethics in advertising, Social, Economic and Legal aspects of advertising.

Module-2: Consumer and Media

14

How advertising works: perception, cognition, affect, association, persuasion, behaviour, Associating feeling with brands, Use of research in advertising planning; Advertising Media - Industry structure, functions, advantages and disadvantages of print, Television, Radio, Internet, Outdoor; Concept of media planning, media selection, Media Scheduling strategy, setting media budgets.

Module-3: Advertising Program

14

Planning and managing creative strategies; Creative approaches; Building Advertising Program - Message, Theme, Advertising appeals; Advertising layout: how to design and produce advertisements; Advertising Budget - nature and methods of advertising appropriation. Art of copywriting and Guidelines for copywriting; Copywriting for print, Audio, TV and outdoor media.

Module -4: Other Elements of IMC- Sales Promotion, PR, Events and Experiences and Word of Mouth

10

Consumer and trade sales promotion, application of sales promotion in different domains; Using public relations in image building; Planning and executing events, event management; Viral marketing, building organic word of mouth communication.

Module-5: Measuring Advertising Effectiveness

08

Measuring Advertising Effectiveness - stages of evaluations and various types of testing-Pre and Post testing. Advertising agencies - role, importance, organizational structure, functions. Selection of agency and client agency relationship.

- a) List out ethical issues in Advertisements.
- b) List out different modes of Advertisement.
- c) Write a note on guidelines for copywriting.
- d) List out types of Outdoor Advertisement.
- e) State the process in selection of Advertisement Agency.

- Advertising Principles and Practice, William Wells, John Burnett, Sandra Moriarty, 6th ed., Pearson education, Inc.
- Advertising and Promotion, G.Belch, Michael Belch, Keyoor Purani, 9thedition, Tata Mcgraw Hill publication, ISBN: 978-1-25-902685-0.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)Human Resource Elective

Course Code: HRM 2

Name of the Course: Compensation and Performance Management

COURSE	NO. OF HOURSPER	TOTAL NO. OF TEACHING
CREDITS	WEEK	HOURS
3 CREDITS	4 HOURS	56 HOURS

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Casestudies & field worketc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be ableto:

- a) Understand the concepts of Compensation management.
- b) Describe job evaluation and its methods.
- c) Evaluate the different methods of wages.
- d) Describe performance management and methods of performance management.
- e) Preparation of Payroll.

SYLLABUS:	HOURS
Module No. 1: Introduction to Compensation Management	12

Compensation - Definition - Classification - Types - Wages, Salary, Benefits, DA, Consolidated Pay; Equity-based programs, Commission, Reward, Remuneration, Bonus, Short term and Long-term Incentives, Social Security, Retirement Plan, PensionPlans, Profit Sharing Plan, Stock Bonus Plan, ESOP, Employer Benefits and EmployerCosts for ESOP.

Compensation Management- Meaning, Dimensions, 3-P Concept in Compensation Management, Compensation as Retention Strategy, Compensation Issues - Factors affecting Compensation Management. Compensation Policies.

Module No. 2: Job Evaluation

06

Definition, Process, Methods – Non-Analytical methods – Ranking methods, Job grading method, Analytical method – Point-Ranking method, Factor-Comparison method. Factor Evaluation System (FES), Using FES to determine Job Worth, Position Evaluation Statements.

Module No. 3: Wage and Salary Administration

12

Theories of Wages - Wage Structure - Wage Fixation - Wage Payment - Salary Administration. Difference between Salary and Wages - Basis for Compensation Fixation- Components of Wages - Basic Wages - Overtime Wages - Dearness Allowance - Basis for calculation - Time Rate Wages and Efficiency Based Wages - Incentive Schemes - Individual Bonus Schemes, Group Bonus Schemes - Preparation of Pay Roll.

Module No. 4: Performance Management

14

Performance management- Definitions, Importance, Purpose, Principles and Dimensions. Employee Engagement and Performance management. Performance Appraisal methods – Traditional methods and Modern methods (All the methods to be discussed). Performance Appraisal feedback – Roles, Types, Principles, Levels of Performance feedback. Ethics in Performance Appraisal.

Module No. 5: Team Performance Management

12

Meaning of Teams, Importance of Team Performance in the Organization, Team Objectives and Individual Objectives, Types of Teams – Problem-solving teams,

Cross-functional teams, Virtual teams. Factors affecting Team performance: Context, Composition, Process. Strategies for effective Team Building.

- 1. Construct a questionnaire for a salary survey of nurses.
- 2. Design a performance appraisal tool using any Modern PerformanceAppraisal Tool for an organization.
- 3. Prepare a payroll with imaginary figures.
- 4. Draw a chart showing the communication process.
- 5. Draft a compensation policy for an organization.

- Joseph J. Martocchio, Strategic Compensation, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education
- Michael Armstrong & Damp; Helen Murlis: Hand Book of RewardManagement
 —Crust Publishing House.
- Milkovich & Dewman, Compensation, Tata McGraw Hill
- Richard I. Anderson, Compensation Management in Knowledge basedworld, 10th edition, Pearson Education
- Thomas. P. Plannery, David. A. Hofrichter & David. E. Platten: People, Performance & David. Pree Press.
- Aguinis Herman, Performance Management, 2nd Edition, 2009 PearsonEducation, New Delhi.
- Aziz A, Performance Appraisal: Accounting and Quantitative Approaches, 1993, Pointer.
- Bhatia S.K, Performance Management: Concepts, Practices and Strategies for Organisation Success, 2007, Deep & Deep, New Delhi.
- BD Singh, Compensation & Samp; Reward Management, Excel Books
- Cardy R.L, Performance Management: Concepts, Skills and Exercises, 1stEdition, 2008, PHI,New Delhi.
- Goel Dewkar, Performance Appraisal and Compensation Management: AModern Approach, 2 nd Edition, 2008, PHI, New Delhi.
- Sarma A.M, Performance Management System, 1st Edition, 2008, Himalaya Pub, Mumbai.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

DATA ANALYTICS

Course Code: BDA 2

Name of the Course: Marketing Analytics

Course Credits	No. of hours perweek	Total no. of teaching hours
3 Credits	4 hours	56 hours

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, tutorials, Group discussion, Seminar, Case studies& fieldwork etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, the student will demonstrate:

- a) Understand the importance of marketing analytics for the forward-looking and systematic allocation of marketing resources
- b) Apply marketing analytics to develop a predictive marketing dashboard for the organisation.
- c) Analyse data and develop insights to address strategic marketing challenges
- d) Execute the models on Predictions and Classifications on R Software.Know the applications of analytics in marketing.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Marketing Analytics and DataMining	10

Introduction to Marketing Analytics, Need of Marketing Analytics, Benefits of Marketing Analytics, Data mining —Definition, Classes of Data mining methods — Grouping methods, Predictive modeling methods, Linking methods to marketing applications. Process model for Data mining — CRISP DM.

Module No. 2: Introduction to R

About R, Data types and Structures, Data coercion, Data preparation: Merging, Sorting, Splitting, Aggregating, Introduction to R Libraries – How to install and invoke, Introduction to R Graph – Basic R charts – Different types of charts.

Module No. 3: Descriptive Analytics 12

Exploratory Data Analysis using summary table and various charts to find the insights, slicing and dicing of the Customer data. Inferential Statistics: T-Test, ANOVA, Chi-Square using marketing data and exploring relationship (Correlation).

Module No. 4: Prediction and Classification Modelling using R

Introduction to Prediction and Classification modelling, data splitting for training and testing purpose, Prediction modelling: Predicting the sales using Moving Average Model and Regression Model(Simple and Multiple Regression model), Classificationmodelling: Customer churn using Binary logistic regression and decision tree.

12

Module No. 5: Application of Analytics in Marketing

Association Rules – Market Basket Analysis for Product Bundling and Promotion, RFM (Recency Frequency Monetary) Analysis, Customer Segmentation using K- Means Cluster Analysis, Key Driver Analysis using Regression Model.

- a) Explain the Process model for Data Mining.
- b) Write the steps in installing R software.
- c) Explain the difference between Binary Logistic Regression and Decision Tree.
- d) List out Public domain data base.
- e) List out applications of marketing analytics.

- Marketing Analytics: Data-Driven Techniques with Microsoft® Excel® Published by John Wiley & Sons, Inc
- Marketing Data Science, Thomas W. Miller Published by Pearson
- Marketing Metrics, Neil T Bendle, Paul W. Farris, Phillip E. Pfeifer published by Pearson
- Marketing Analytics, Mike Grigsby published by Kogan Page.

Name of the Program::Bachelor of Business Administration (B B A)

Logistics And Supply Chain Management Elective

Course Code: BBA SCM 2

Name of the Course: Logistics Management

	8	0
Course	No. of Hours per	Total No. of Teaching Hours
Credits	Week	
3 Credits	4 Hrs.	56
		Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classroom lectures, Case studies, Tutorial Classes, Group discussions, Seminar&fieldworketc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- a. Understand the role of logistics in Supply Chain Management
- b. Comprehend the various elements of logistics management
- c. Analyse the functionally and utility of inventory, warehousing, packaging and material handling
- d. Understand the various aspects of transportation management
- e. Role of the government in enhancing the logistics efficiency.

Syllabus:	Hour
	S
ModuleNo.1: Introduction to Logistics management	10

Meaning, Importance and Types of Logistics, Players in Logistics; Logistics management-Meaning, Elements of Logistics Management, Benefits of Logistics Management-Logistics Interface with other functional areas, sever R's of Logistics.

ModuleNo.2: Inventory Management in Logistics and SCM

10

Inventory functionality- Geographical specialization, Decoupling, Balancing demand and supply, buffer uncertainties; Types of inventory - Inventory expectations - Planning inventory (when and how much- EOQ)- Managing uncertainty - fill rate estimations, Inventory management policies - Methods of inventory control -**Concepts** of collaborative inventory replenishment, MRP, DRP, JIT, JIT II. Kanban.

Module No. 3: Transportation Management

14

Transport structure- Rail, Road, Water, Air and Pipeline, Inter-modal - (Performance characteristics and suitability of each mode); **Suppliers of transport service**- Single mode carriers, specialized carriers, Inter-modal transportation (TOFC, COFC), Containership, Non-operating intermediaries.

Transport Operation Planning- Equipment scheduling, yard management, load planning, routing and advanced shipment notification, movement administration, consolidation, negotiation, control of transport management, audit and claim administration, logistics integration; **Transport documentation**: Delivery Order, Dock receipt, Bill of Lading, Freight Bill, Sea waybill (SWB/e-SWB), Airway Bill (AWB/e-AWB), shipping guarantee, packing note or list, consignment note - Shipping Manifest; Documentation process. **Transport pricing methods**- FOB, Delivery pricing, Promotional pricing, Menu pricing; Pricing issues

Module No. 4: Warehousing

10

Warehousing- Meaning, importance and benefits of warehousing, warehouse operations, Warehouse ownership arrangement- Private, public, contract, network development Warehouse decisions- Site section, Design, Product mix analysis, expansion, material handling, layout, sizing, WMS (concept only).

Packaging: Meaning, importance and functions of Packaging; Types of packaging- Benefits of modular packaging, Packaging for material handling efficiency- product design, unitization and communication

Material handling: - Material handling systems- mechanized, semi-automated, automated and information directed (meaning and types of material handling under each system)

Special handling consideration- E-fulfillment, environmental concerns, regulatory environment and returns processing.

Skill Development Activities:

- 1. Discuss any three logistical activities and their merits and demerits.
- 2. Identify and list out the various Inventory control techniques used in Organisations.
- 3. List out some of the traditional and modern packaging materials used or goods
- 4. List out the various transport documents
- 5. Briefly analyse the features and suitability of Inter-modal transportation in LM

Reference Books:

- Donald J Bowersox, David J Closs, "Logistical Management The integrated Supply ChainProcess", McGraw-Hill Edition-2000
- John J Coyle, Edward J Bardi and C John Langley Jr. "The management of Business Logistics-Asupply Chain perspective", Thomson South- Western, 7th edition.
- Vinod V Sophlle, Logistics Management- The supply Chain Imperative, Pearson Education
- Sunil Chopra & Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management- Strategy, Planning and Operation, PHI
- Dr. R.P. Mohanty & Dr. S.G. Deshmukh, Essentials of Supply Chain Management, Jaico PublishingHouse
- D. K. Agarwal, Supply Chain Management Stategy, Cases and Best Practices, Cengage
- David Simchi-Levi, Philip Kamiusky, Edith Simchi-Levi, Designing & Managing the Supply Chain, McGraw Hill
- Donald. J. Bowersox & Donald. J. Closs, Logistical Management-The integrated Supply Chain Process, TATA Mc-Graw Hill
- Rahul V Altekar, Supply Chain Management Concepts and Cases, PHI
- Sridhara Bhat, Supply Chain Management, HPH
- Milind M Oka, Supply Chain Management, Everest Publishing House

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration
(BBA)CourseCode: BBA 6.6 (A) Vocational
Name of the Course: GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

Course Credits	No. of Hours per	Total No. of Teaching Hours
	Week	
4 Credits	4 Hrs.	56
		Hrs.

Pedagogy: Classrooms lecture, Case studies, Tutorial Classes, Group discussion, Seminar & fieldwork etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students' will be able to

- a) Comprehend the concepts of Goods and Services tax.
- b) Understand the fundamentals of GST.
- c) Analyse the GST Procedures in the Business.
- d) Know the GST Assessment and its computation.

Syllabus:	Hour
	S
Module No. 1: Introduction to GST	10

Introduction-Meaning and Definition of GST, Objectives, Features, Advantages and Disadvantages of GST, Taxes subsumed under GST, Structure of GST (Dual Model) - CGST, SGST and IGST. GST Council, Composition, Powers and Functions. CGST Act,2017-Feature and Important definitions.

Module No. 2: GST Registration and Taxable Event

10

Registration under GST provision and process. Amendment and cancellation of registration, Taxable event -Supply of goods and services-Meaning, Scope and types- composite supply, Mixed supply. Determination of time and place of supply of goods and services. Levy and collection of tax. List of exempted goods and services- Problems.

Module No. 3: Input Tax Credit

12

Input Tax Credit - Eligible and Ineligible Input Tax Credit; Apportionments of Credit and Blocked Credits; Tax Credit in respect of Capital Goods; Recovery of Excess Tax Credit; Availability of Tax Credit in special circumstances; Transfer of Input tax, Reverse Charge Mechanism, tax invoice, Problems on input tax credit.

Module No. 4: GST Assessment

12

Tax Invoice, Credit and Debit Notes, Returns, Audit in GST, Assessment: Self-Assessment, Summary and Scrutiny. Special Provisions. Taxability of E-Commerce, Anti- Profiteering, Avoidance of dual control- issues in filing of returns, monthly collection targets, GST Council meetings.

Module No. 5: Valuations of Goods and Services Under GST

12

Introduction to Valuation under GST, Meaning and Types of Consideration: a) Consideration received through money b) Consideration not received in money c) Consideration received fully in money, valuation rules for supply of goods and services:

1) General Valuation Rules; 2) Special Valuation Rules; Other cases for valuation of supply, imported services, imported goods, valuation for discount. Transaction Value: Meaning and conditions for transaction value, inclusive transaction value, and exclusive discount excluded from transaction value. Problems on GST.

- a) Prepare a tax invoice under the GST Act.
- b) Write the procedure for registration under GST.
- c) Prepare a chart showing rates of GST.
- d) Compute taxable value and tax liability with imaginary figures under CGST, SGST and IGST.
- e) List out the exempted Goods and Services under GST.

- V.S.Datey, Goods and Services Taxes, Taxman.
- Sathpal Puliana, M. A. Maniyar, Glimpse of Goods and Service Tax, Karnataka Law JournalPublications, Bangalore.
- Pullani and Maniyar, Goods and Service Tax, Published by Law Journal, Bangalore.
- H.C. Mehrotra and V.P. Agarwal, Goods and Services Tax.
- H.C. Mehotra and S.P. Goyal, Goods and Services Tax.
- Ghousia Khatoon, C.M. Naveen Kumar and S.N. Venkatesh, Goods and Services Tax, HimalayaPublishing House, Bangalore.
- R.G. Saha, S.K. Podder and Shruthi Prabhakar, Fundamentals of GST and Customs Act, HimalayaPublishing House.
- G. B. Baligar, Goods and Services Tax, Ashok Prakashan, Hubli.

Name of the Program: Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

Course Code: BBA 6.6 (B)

Vocational Name of the Course: Event

Management

management		
Course Credits	No. of Hours per Week	Total No. of Teaching Hours
4 Credits	4 Hrs	56
		Hrs

Pedagogy: Classrooms lecture, Case studies, Tutorial Classes, Group discussion, Seminar & fieldwork etc.,

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course, the students' will be able to

- a) Understand the significance of various events
- b) Demonstrate the ability to organize the event.
- c) Demonstrate the ability to conduct the event.
- d) Prepare the budget require for conducting an event.
- e) 5. Learn the planning and executing of corporate events.

Syllabus:	Hours
Module No. 1: Introduction to Event Management	12

Event- Meaning- Why Event Management- Analysis of Event, Scope of Event, Decision Makers- Event Manager Technical Staff- Establishing of Policies & Procedure- Developing Record Keeping Systems.

Module No. 2: Event Management Planning and Procedure

10

Establishing of Policies & Procedures, Steps in Planning the event, Principles of Event Management, Permissions and Licenses from Government and Local Authorities.

Module No. 3: Conduct of an Event.

12

Preparing a Planning Schedule, Steps in Organizing an event, Assigning Responsibility, Event Safety and Security, Conducting the Event-Checklist (Pre, during and post event check list), Communication-channels of communications for different types of events.

Module No. 4: Budgeting and Reporting

10

Preparation of Event Budget-Items of expenditure for various events, managing the event budget. Reporting of event- organizing the event report, steps in preparing the event report.

Module No. 5: CORPORATE EVENTS

12

Planning of Corporate Event, Job Responsibility of Corporate Events Organizer, Arrangements, Budgeting, Safety of Guests and Participants, Creating Blue Print, Need for Entertainment in Corporate Events.

- 1. Preparation of Event Plan for a Wedding.
- 2. Preparing Budget for conduct of National level sports meet of a college.
- 3. Preparation of Event Check List for College Day Celebrations
- 4. Preparation of Budget for Conducting inter collegiate fest.
- 5. Prepare a brief report of a students' seminar conducted in your college.

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